

Britain's diminishing number of billionaires continued to pile wealth which increased manifold according to the 35th annual Sunday Times Rich List released

Britain's Billionaires

The British billionaires have a combined wealth of £683.856 billion:

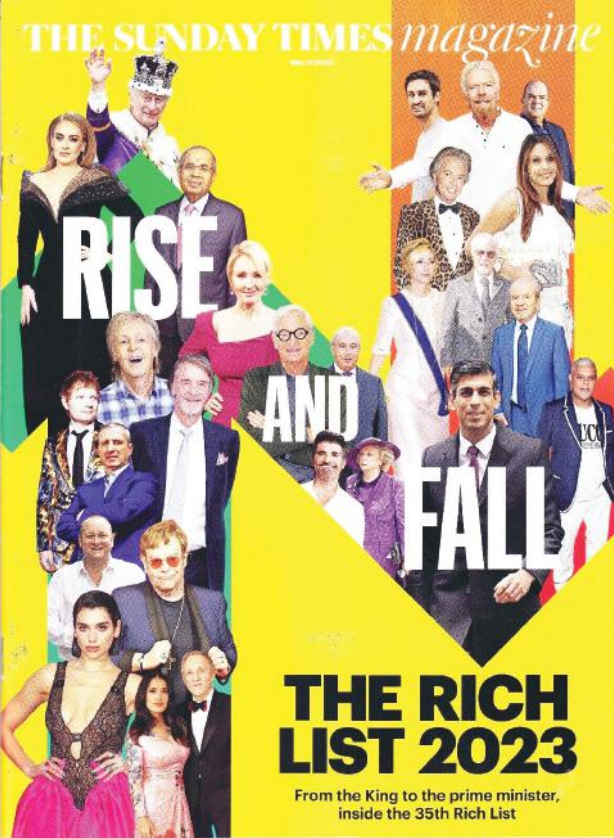


Cash rolls in for the diaspora wealthy in the land of milk and honey:

RICH PICKINGS THIS YEAR FOR BRITAIN'S BILLIONAIRES

By: Shamlal Puri
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& Senior Editor – UK
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Britain's diminishing number of billionaires continued to pile wealth which increased manifold according to the 35th annual Sunday Times Rich List released as a supplement with the paper last Sunday, May 21; the much-awaited report indicates their affluence. The 2023 Rich List produced by the top-selling weekend newspaper reveals the names of 171 UK billionaires who share a huge chunk of the world's US\$191.6 trillion (GBP£153.28 trillion) wealth. The British billionaires have a combined wealth of £683.856



The 2023 edition of The Sunday Times Rich List names 350 British and UK super-rich who have beaten all the odds to rake in more riches.

billion - £30.734 billion more each year. For the first time, even though the number of billionaires on the List fell by six to 171, their combined wealth increased by some £31 billion, brushing aside the remnants of Covid-19 and lockdowns. To them, money is not the problem; probably how to spend it is a problem, noted my London driver who was taking me home from my office after my shift last Sunday as the night was knocking on the doors of the next day. Not everyone qualifies to be on this rich List - not at least me or my driver! We come under the struggling classes.

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Morocco lauded for championing cultural cooperation, African Development Africa



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Rwandan genocide suspect Fulgence Kayishema in South Africa court

62-year-old arrested Africa



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The Development Of The Volunteer Movement In Uzbekistan And Their Reasons



Rabat declaration agree to promote culture in Africa

Ministers of culture and heads of delegations from African countries, unanimously agreed to establish frameworks for enhancing cultural cooperation among African states and to deliberate on the necessary mechanisms for the development of common cultural efforts which will

benefit, both present and future. The meeting was held in Rabat, Kingdom of Morocco on the 22nd May 2023, where the leaders acknowledged the important role played by King Mohammed VI, in enhancing South-South cooperation and supporting the inclusive development in

the African continent. Other issue discussed at length by the leaders emphasized on the leading role of the Kingdom of Morocco in countering violence and preventing extremism, and fighting against separatism, as well as in establishing a continent wide-peace and security.

Ministers of culture and heads of delegations from African countries, unanimously agreed to establish frameworks for enhancing cultural

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Melodies In The Market, Lucy Muriuki's Dual Passion Unleashed

By: Elijah Maingi
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Worth Noting:

- My music has had a positive impact on my career since it has brought about a massive following on my social media pages hence great advertisements on my handles.
- I strive to incorporate uplifting and inspiring messages into my music, aiming to spread love, unity, and messages of hope that resonates with and uplift my community.
- As a gospel artist, my skills as a real estate agent have provided me with a solid foundation in business management, negotiation, and networking. These skills have helped me navigate the music industry, whether it's negotiating contracts, building professional relationships, or managing the business aspects of my music career, ultimately contributing to my overall success as an artist.
- My memorable moment was when we got invited to State House by the former president and when I got my first airplay at Kameme radio

Tell us more about yourself.

My name is Lucy Muriuki a gospel artist, songwriter, and a Realtor at Optiven real estate.

What inspired you to become a gospel artist, and what is your mission with your music?

My Music is inspired by true life events that I have gone through and found my comfort and solace in the Lord. I use my music as a preaching tool to reach a huge audience in preaching the gospel.

How do you approach the creative process of writing and recording gospel music?

As a gospel artist, I approach the creative process of writing and recording music by seeking inspiration and guidance from my faith and personal experiences, allowing the Holy Spirit to guide my lyrics and melodies. I aim to capture the essence of God's love and message of hope in my music, infusing it with authenticity and passion to touch the hearts of listeners.

How do you balance your time between your music career and your real estate business?

Balancing my music career and real estate business requires effective time management and prioritization. I establish clear schedules and allocate dedicated blocks of time for both endeavors, ensuring that I give each the attention and focus they deserve while maintaining a healthy work-life balance. I am thankful for my supportive organization, Optiven.

How has your background in music influenced your approach to real estate?

My music has had a positive impact on my career since it has brought about a massive following on my social media pages hence great advertisements on my handles.

How do you use your platform as a musician to make a positive impact in your community?

I strive to incorporate uplifting and inspiring messages into my music, aiming to spread love, unity, and messages of hope that resonates with and uplift my community.

In what ways do you think your skills as a real estate agent have helped you succeed in the music industry?

As a gospel artist, my skills as a real estate agent have provided me with a solid foundation in business management, negotiation, and networking. These skills have helped me navigate the music industry, whether it's negotiating contracts, building professional relationships, or managing the business aspects of my music career, ultimately contributing to my overall success as an artist.

Can you share any memorable experiences from your music career?

My memorable moment was when we got invited to State House by the former president and when I got my first airplay at Kameme radio

How do you stay motivated and focused on your goals in both your music and real estate pursuits?

If you are passionate about anything it's easy to stay focused. To stay motivated and focused on my goals in both music and real estate, I constantly remind myself of the passion and purpose that drive me in each field.

I set specific, measurable objectives, break them down into smaller tasks, and maintain a disciplined approach, celebrating milestones along the way to stay motivated and focused on achieving success in both pursuits.

Do you have any upcoming projects or events in your music career that you'd like to share?

Yes, I have five audios that am planning to shoot videos for.

What advice would you give to aspiring gospel artists who are just starting out in their careers?

I would advise any starter up to keep the push and have faith and trust in God for a bright future. My advice to aspiring gospel artists starting out in their careers would be to remain true to their authentic selves and their message, staying grounded in their faith and purpose. Surround yourself with a supportive community, seek mentorship, and consistently hone your craft, never losing sight of the impact your music can have on others.

Your closing remarks.

My closing remark is as the bible says 'so as the man thinketh so is he;' always think positively for yourself and put God first. My music is available on my YouTube channel 'Lucy Muriuki'. I invite all to watch and subscribe.



Lucy Muriuki



Lucy Muriuki

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Uzbekistan

Now They Talk Too!

By: Diaspora Times Team
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Worth Noting:

- The author of the project is the deputy chairman of the Board of Trustees of the National Mass Media Support and Development Public Fund Saida Mirziyoyeva. Within the framework of the project, textbooks in Braille were published, a computer centers pecialized in the needs of blind and visually impaired children was created, the technical base of all boarding schools was developed, and other small projects have been implemented.
- We need to create textbooks for the blind to thoroughly study foreign languages using new methods. As a solution to the existing problem, we are working on the development of elementary intermediate English textbooks.

That is, in English. Wherever and whenever the problems of the blind are discussed, the main topic is the lack of Braille books and textbooks. It aims to help (blind) children master the English language thoroughly. The following are the specific achievements of the manual: ensures mastery; the publication of the dictionary in Braille helps the reader to read and write words by hand, and to understand easily by listening to the audio CD attached to the book. Publishing textbooks for the visually impaired still remains a problem. Another challenge is whether the textbooks are being printed based on their ability. Are they interested? According to statistics, there are 39 million blind people in the world. Another 200 million people are partially blind. Advanced technologies offer new opportunities for them.

In December 2020, in Uzbekistan, students of boarding schools underwent a special medical examination within the framework of

the "Kongil Kozi" project. The author of the project is the deputy chairman of the Board of Trustees of the National Mass Media Support and Development Public Fund Saida Mirziyoyeva. Within the framework of the project, textbooks in Braille were published, a computer centers pecialized in the needs of blind and visually impaired children was created, the technical base of all boarding schools was developed, and other small projects have been implemented. We need to create textbooks for the blind to thoroughly study foreign languages using new methods. As a solution to the existing problem, we are working on the development of elementary intermediate English textbooks. It consists of two parts, a dictionary book and a conversation book. In addition, there is a disk version of the book and a program version. We named the book "Ilm bu -nur". It uses one of the methods that are becoming popular all over the world, the "minimomics" method. The dictionary contains 800

words. It is created based on their physiological condition, and they can learn to speak quickly and easily from this book. Another convenience is that it is given in Braille, English, and Uzbek languages. There is also a disk and software option, and they are currently being worked on. The minimonic method is a method that encourages the child to think and think freely, and the difference from other methods is that it allows the child to learn a lot in a short time. It also helps to identify taste. According to psychologists, a child understands 75% of things by sight, this statistic is definitely for healthy children. However, in this textbook, we want to introduce the art of drawing with dots. The method of understanding pictures by feeling we need to deepen it. Depending on the age of the blind child, we can convey the necessary knowledge to him through levels using this method. Our goal is to simplify language learning among blind people, to help them get international and national certificates, and to provide them with a job in the future.

Sadoqat Beg'amova an author from the Republic of Uzbekistan



Sadoqat Beg'amova.



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Kindness



By: Dilnurabonu Vayisova
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How great and blessed is the teacher. When we hear this word, our dear teachers who gave us education and training are embodied in our eyes. I was young. Even when I was in school, I dreamed of studying at the university, like my teachers, and like my mother, I too dreamed of becoming a teacher. Every October 1, my mother used



to come to our house with bouquets of flowers in her hands Seeing my mother, I also felt a sense of pride. I was proud inside. When I asked my mother about her life when she was studying at the university, she would laugh at me by telling me interesting stories from her student days. I envied my mother very much (now I still admire her very much. When my mother was a student, she used to say that she loved a graduate student. When my mother was a bachelor's student, she was studying at a graduate school. me, maybe even my fellow students," my mother still says. I began to achieve these dreams. At first, I was lucky to enter the university I wanted, and this was my greatest achievement in my life. From the first days when I started studying at the university, I met many teachers. Look at your destiny, be a teacher. I met this person at this faculty, the love I had for my mother was repeated in me, I had a love for the teacher without knowing their names, they were so sincere, so kind, so kind, so close to my heart that I It's hard to describe in words... Just then, another teacher appeared in my life. When they started taking classes with us, my love for this person grew even more. Apart from me, I had one more friend who was a classmate, and I was very close to him. they had conversations with the teacher, they talked by telegram and phone. When they entered the class, the teacher left a great impression on me. I wanted them to be, for some reason. But when I knew that all students are the same for the teacher, I would make my teacher angry again and again. KINDNESS is such a thing that if I wrote to the teacher via telegram or called him, I would be very upset if he did not pick up (Yig I was sad when the teacher couldn't answer, maybe they didn't have time, or for some reason, I was sad. The teacher I dreamed of, the ideal mother, the ideal teacher, who enchanted me with her words, was Professor O'rayeva Darmonoy Saidahmedovna, doctor of philology. Especially, it is the dream of every student to learn from the teacher and become a teacher like them. Dilnurabonu Vayisova student of Bukhara state university

Books

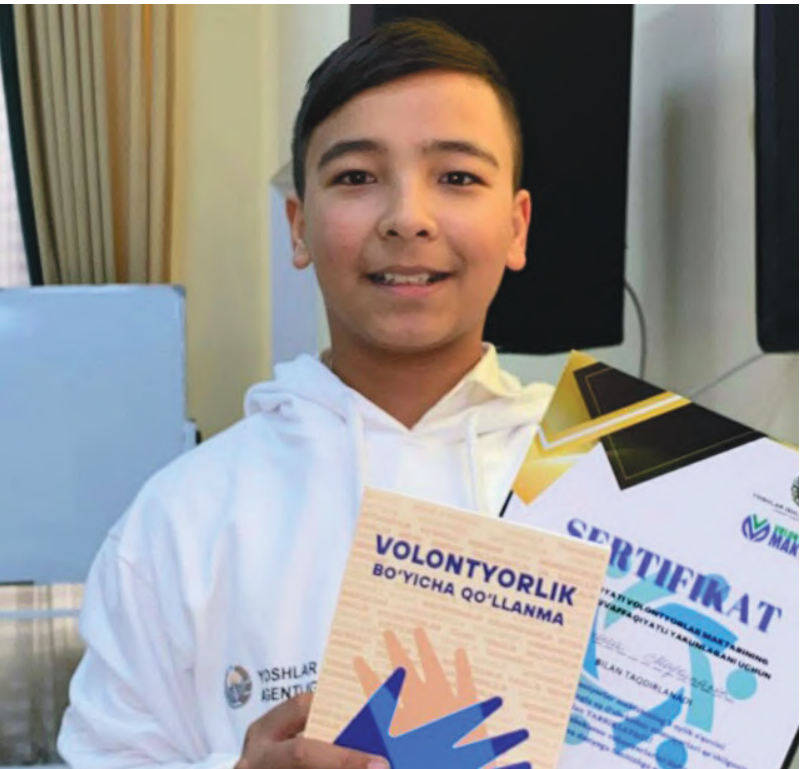
Why are young people passively interested in books, but active in gadgets?

By: Tursunov Oybek
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Nowadays, the demand for gadgets is very high, but the interest in books is very low. I think you need to know how to use gadgets properly. In these, you can learn courses that create electronic books through gadgets. But gadgets also have their downsides. Among these, blurred vision, nervousness, believing in false news, cause two thoughts to arise in a person. What are these two ideas to determine whether a message is true or false? How can we benefit from the book? Book is our friend. While reading a book, its speech develops and, most importantly, its range of thinking expands. I have not seen the contagious side of the book until now. If we compare

books and gadgets, the interest of young people is mainly focused on gadgets, but one day I know that I can say that books are more active than gadgets. The reason is that many people are being harmed due to the harmful aspects of gadgets. What harm is getting into nervousness and stress situations and suffering from various diseases. If we take the country of India, I can say that young people are more interested in books because gadgets are not developed in these country. The reason is that we spend more time on gadgets than on books, and we don't realize that our time has passed away. Think about how much time you spend on gadgets and books. I know for sure that 90 percent of people spend more time on gadgets. Gadgets are useful these days, for example, you can find audio and electronic versions of books that you cannot find in libraries. But 75 percent of people do not use gadgets to search for books. There are a phrase around the world: "Five hands are not equal". I have tried to convey to you now the harmful and beneficial side of books and gadgets. The conclusion is from yourself.

Tursunov Oybek





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Motivation

Once In Your Path Fear Not

By:N. George
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Worth Noting:

- If you train in disciplined forces it is obvious that your work will be of high risk but you need not to fear as your subjects who are the criminals will take advantage of the situation rendering vulnerable to their traps hence you become ineffective.
- Not all times that you have good flow of things despite being in your rightful path. However these challenges should not distract you from following your path in fact you should take them as training so that those you will teach or your followers will seek to know more from you and you will authoritatively describe some issues that affect the discipline that you are dealing in.



When you find your path, you must not be afraid. You need to have sufficient courage to make mistakes. Disappointment, defeat, and despair are the tools God uses to show us the way..... Paulo Coelho.

It is well known that the role of teacher is to take the students through the curriculum. When alone a teacher can a class of fifty students while doing this he is expected to be in control of the class. Various learners behave in different ways it is upon him to know how to deal with them that the disciplined ones he will be

easy to handle while the rebellious once need extra caution however he have to keep them in control aware that no matter their physical strength, cumulative ages, background, political leaning or religious beliefs he is their leader and all must obey his instructions for efficient operation.

If you train in disciplined forces it is obvious that your work will be of high risk but you need not to fear as your subjects who are the criminals will take advantage of the situation rendering vulnerable to their traps hence you become ineffective.

Not all times that you have good flow of things despite being in your rightful path. However these challenges should not distract you from following your path in fact you should take them as training so that those you will teach or your followers will seek to know more from you and you will authoritatively describe some issues that affect the discipline that you are dealing in.

You will be in a position not only to state but also deal with such challenges conclusively as you are fully aware of what they entails.

When you discover that you

are a musician go ahead and write songs, produce them if possible provided they are not against the morality do not be afraid of composing and releasing them no matter how famous they might be or might not be just be aware that they are gifts from your creator channeled through you and your major task is to release them

Like the river that makes its own path so they will in fact you may get a lot of your fans coming to search for you inquiring whether there are other compositions that you are yet to release as they have found something valu-

able to them in your message in the songs.

There is always a way whenever you are in the correct path. You tend to be innovative as you are in natural path hence even without someone to show you the way out like the small baby knows how to suck milk so do they.

Whatever you face that demotivate you once in decision making position you should try to avoid subjecting other people to it.

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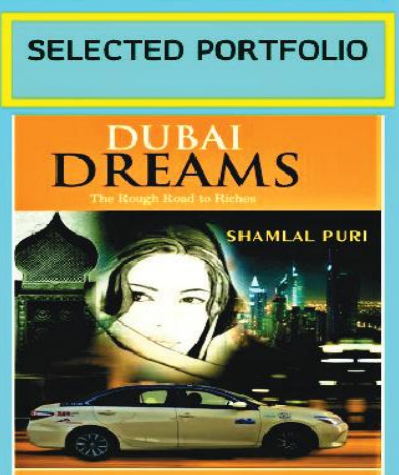
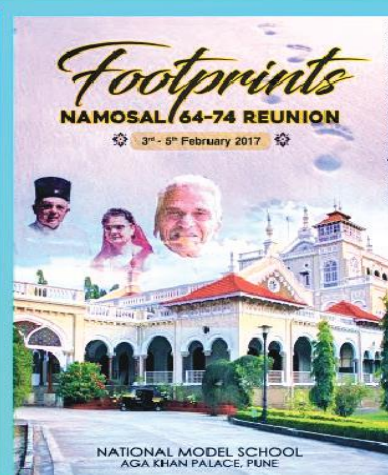
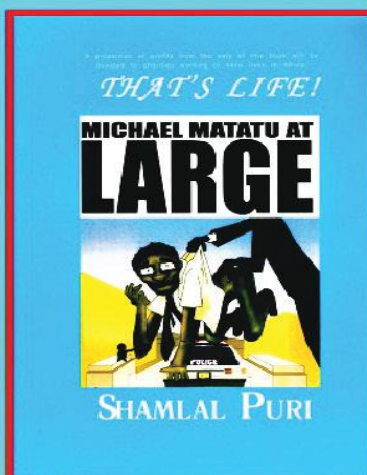
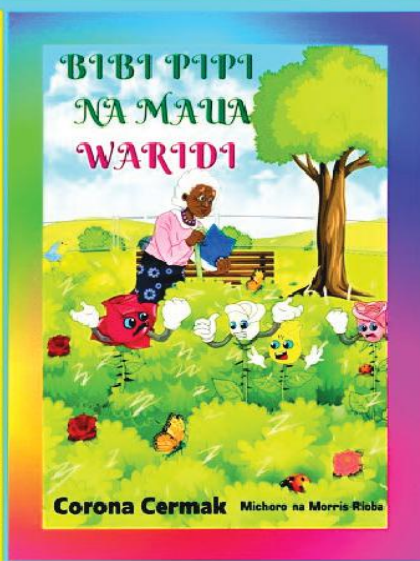
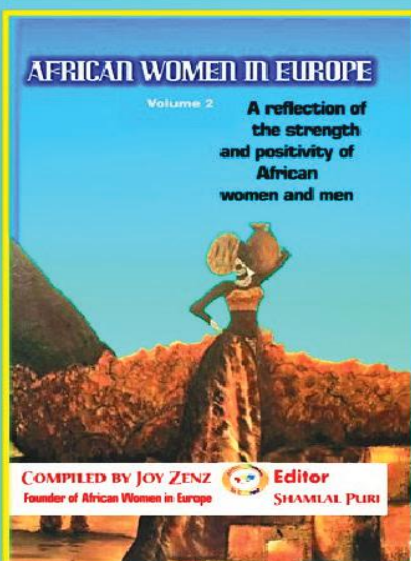
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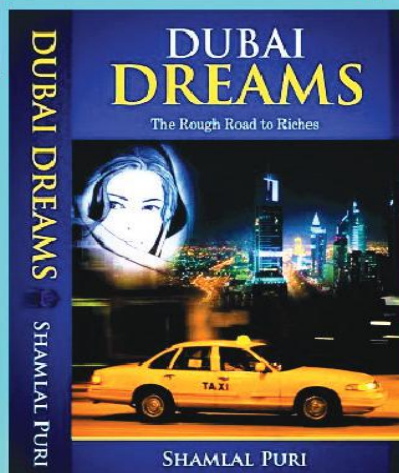
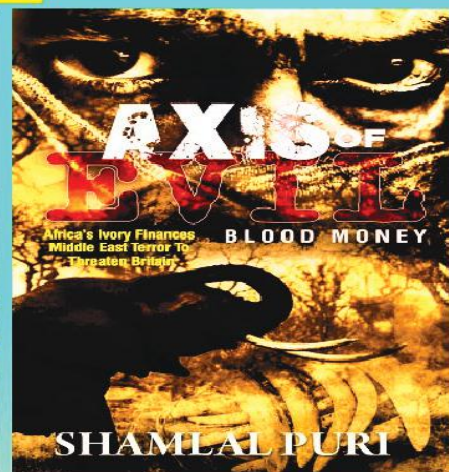
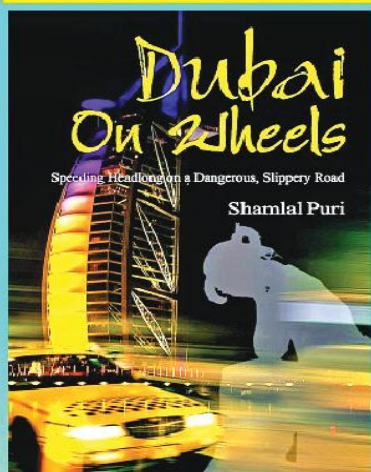
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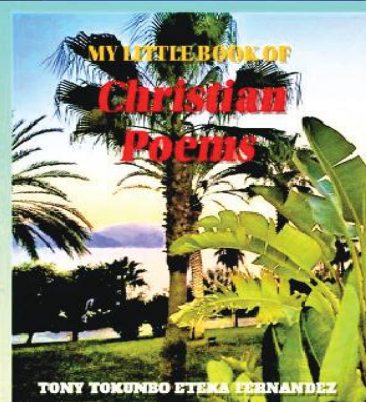
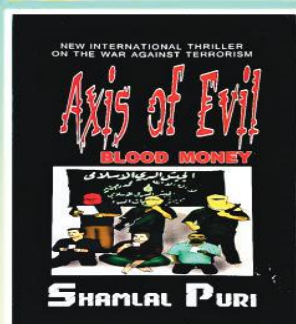
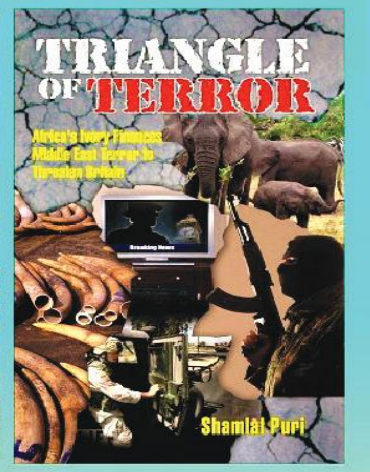
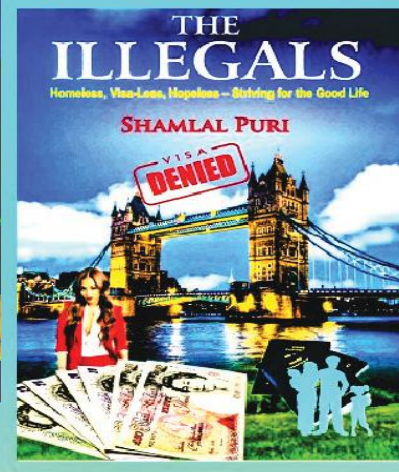
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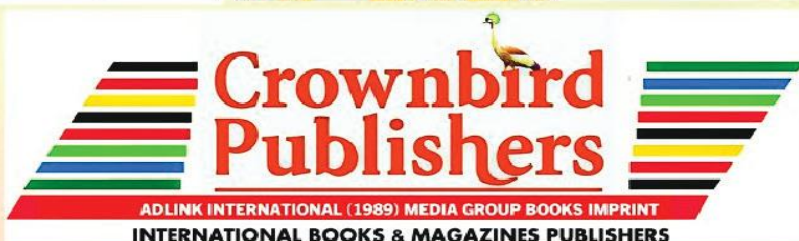


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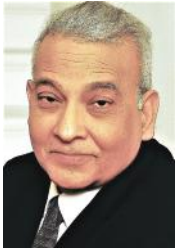
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Diaspora News

Cash rolls in for the diaspora wealthy in the land of milk and honey: RICH PICKINGS THIS YEAR FOR BRITAIN'S BILLIONAIRES



By: Sham Lal Puri
Associate publisher
& Senior Editor - UK
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Contd from Page 1

Worth Noting:

• **Top of the List – the richest in the UK – are the Hinduja brothers, with their £35 billion wealth up from initially £11 billion to last year's £28 billion. They have topped the List for the second year running. Initially, they featured in the Rich List only in a lower position.**

• **Gopi Hinduja, the family of Indian diaspora industrialists who settled in the UK, have made their fortune from the Mumbai-based empire, the Hinduja Group, spanning banking, finance, media, entertainment, and energy with between 150,000 to 200,000 staff working for them around their global operations spanning 38 countries.**

• **The Hinduja dynasty – four brothers Sri Chand, the patriarch, and brothers Gopichand, Prakash and Ashok – built their conglomerate planning, powerful business strategy, hard work and energy to reach the top.**

• **Sadly, the eldest, Sri Chand, passed away on May 17, at 87, just as the 2023 Rich List was going to press. The three brothers run the empire jointly, with Gopi Chand as the patriarch.**

The nearest I have come is rubbing shoulders with some of those in the billionaires and millionaires club at special events or press conferences.

Entrants are sorted from their identifiable wealth, including land, property, other assets such as art and racehorses or significant shares in publicly quoted companies. Bank accounts are not included as they are strictly confidential and not accessible to third parties.

The British List features a King, a Prime Minister, a businessman who nearly went bankrupt, a clergyman and pop stars who have hit the high notes of fame. Members of the British diaspora also occupy a prominent space in this List.

First published in 1989, the Sunday Times Rich List charts the wealth of the 250 super-rich in the UK

Top of the List – the richest in the UK – are the Hinduja brothers, with their £35 billion wealth up from initially £11 billion to last year's £28 billion. They have topped the List for the second year running. Initially, they featured in the Rich List only in a lower position.

Gopi Hinduja, the family of Indian diaspora industrialists who settled in the UK, have made their fortune from the Mumbai-based empire, the Hinduja Group, spanning banking, finance, media, entertainment, and energy with between 150,000 to 200,000 staff working for them around their global operations spanning 38 countries.

The Hinduja dynasty – four brothers Sri Chand, the patriarch, and brothers Gopichand, Prakash and Ashok – built their conglomerate planning, powerful business strategy, hard work and energy to reach the top.

Sadly, the eldest, Sri Chand, passed away on May 17, at 87, just as the 2023 Rich List was going to press. The three brothers run the empire jointly, with Gopi Chand as the patriarch.

The Hinduja Group arrived in the UK in the 1970s after they started their careers in India. Their late father, Parmanand, started his carpets, tea and spices business in 1914 in British (undivided) India (today Pakistan). He later took his business to Iran.

The second on the List is Sir Jim Ratcliffe, with his £29.688 billion portfolio,

founder and chairman of the worldwide chemical chain Ineos, established 25 years ago. He plans to spread his investments in sports by purchasing Manchester United, the world's most valuable football club. His rival contender is Sheikh Jassim bin Hamad Al-Thani, the son of the former Qatar Prime Minister. The club is valued at £5 billion.

Ukrainian-born business tycoon and philanthropist Sir Leonard Blavatnik, who has made his fortune in Russia mainly from media and music investments, is third at £28.6 billion.

He bought, among others, Warner Music in 2011, taking it public nine years later. He also owns the investment company Access Industries. Billionaire brothers Simon and David Reuben made their £24.4 billion wealth from bricks and mortar, and Technology is in the fourth position on the List.

Their property business brought good results, as did private equity and investment enterprise.

Britons love to dabble in horseracing betting, and the Reubens have their share of 16 racecourses. They also own five greyhound stadia throughout the country through their Arena Racing Company.

English inventor and businessman James Dyson, a household name in the UK with his company Dyson, inventing the cyclone bagless vacuum cleaner in the 1970s, is worth £23 billion.

Dyson products are a hit in most households holding a prominent position that was once the monopoly of the ubiquitous Hoover products.

Most households of yesteryears referred to cleaning the house as "hoovering the house". This was a euphemism for using a Hoover vacuum cleaner to clean dust in the home.

But since then, companies like Dyson have taken over a sizable chunk of the cleaning market.

Indian-born Laxmi Mittal, who once said he would not take British citizenship, preferring to stay an Indian citizen because of his "love for India", took the sixth position in the List with his £16 billion portfolio.



Kings of billionaires...the Hinduja. Sadly, the eldest brother, Sri Chand (sitting), died at 87, leaving the empire to his siblings - Gopi, Prakash and Ashok.

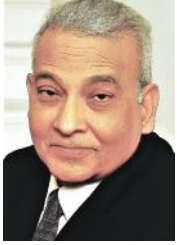


King of Steel...Mining magnate Indian-born Laxmi Mittal has built his fortune in the UK

Contd Page 11.

Diaspora News

Cash rolls in for the diaspora wealthy in the land of milk and honey: RICH PICKINGS THIS YEAR FOR BRITAIN'S BILLIONAIRES



By: Shamlal Puri
Associate publisher
& Senior Editor - UK
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Contd from Page 10

Worth Noting:

- The Hinduja family arrived in the UK in the 1970s after they started their careers in India. Their late father, Parmanand, started his carpets, tea and spices business in 1914 in British (undivided) India (today Pakistan). He later took his business to Iran.
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Mittal, the chairman of ArcelorMittal, a multinational steel company headquartered in Luxembourg, is the sixth richest in the UK with his £16 billion wealth. Last year he was worth 17 billion, and even though his wealth took a £1 billion dip this year, he still holds on to the sixth position.

In 2022, his wealth rose to £2.232 billion due to buoyant steel trading. Mittal owns 38% of ArcelorMittal and has other business interests, including stakes in EFL Championship side Queen Park Rangers.

Mittal, who once received the third richest man in the world tag from Forbes in 2005, has seen his wealth rise and fall. He is known as the King of Steel because of his strong connections with the global steel industry.

But he lives in style. He lives in one of the most expensive streets, Kensington Palace Gardens in Central London, which he bought for £67 million in 2004 from the Formula One boss Bernie Ecclestone.

The 12-bedroom house was tagged at the time as the world's most expensive and is decorated with marble bought from the same quarry that supplied the world's seventh wonder, the Taj Mahal in India, giving his plush house the tag of Taj Mittal.

The retailer Primark is a household label brand company catering for the UK's lower- and middle-class shoppers. The Westin family, Guy, George, Alannah and Galen, have a stake in Associated British Foods, which owns Primark and produces sugar. Their £14.5 billion business empire gives them the seventh position on the Rich List.

Charlene de Carvalho-Heineken is a Dutch businesswoman and one of the richest in the world. She inherited her late father, Freddy Heineken's 25% stake in the beer giant. Charlene and her husband, former Olympic skier Michel de Carvalho are in the eighth position with their £13.1 billion wealth. Michel sits on the board of the business.

Swedish packaging business giants Kirsten and Jorn Rausing have been on the Rich List for many years. With their £12 billion wealth this year, they are ninth.

Kirsten inherited her grandfather's Tetra Laval business, which revolutionised stor-

ing drinks such as milk and fruit juices in cartons saving the need for glass bottles.

The Rausing family jointly own Tetra Laval. Kirsten is heavily involved in horse racing. The tenth position with his £11.5 billion wealth is British financier Michael Platt, co-founder of Blue Crest Capital Management, the British-American hedge fund in 2000.

With a 153% surge in his business, Bloomberg declared him a more prominent billionaire since he returned to outside capital in 2016.

The first Royal family member to get into the 2023 Rich List in the 11th position is the Duke of Westminster, Hugh Grosvenor and his family, whose portfolio is £9.9 billion.

Hugh Grosvenor, the seventh Duke of Westminster, became an instant billionaire when he inherited his title and control of the historic Grosvenor Estate from his father in 2016. He has been crowned the richest person under 35.

King Charles III, the reigning monarch, is also listed among the UK's richest, but his wealth is small change compared to those at the top. With his £600 million personal fortune, he is in the 263rd position, though he outstrips his late mother, Queen Elizabeth II, whose wealth was £370 million.

The King's fortune comes from inheritance, enhancing vast royal property holdings and investments. He has built his fortune very diligently after his multi-million pounds divorce from Princess Diana, which Royal insiders, quoted in the media, put at £17 million.

The British Prime Minister Rishi Sunak and his wife Akshata Murthy's net worth this year is £529 million showing a dip of £201 million from last year's £730 million. This puts them in the 275th position from last year's 222.

Their money comes from their shareholding in the Technology and hedge fund Infosys, owned by Akshata's father, N R Narayana Murthy, in India.

He founded Infosys 1981, a highly innovative global software services company listed on New York Stock

Exchange (NYSE) and the Bombay Stock Exchange in Mumbai.

The report says that Rishi Sunak's ascent to the top job in British politics has coincided with a colossal fall in the fortune shared with his wife, Akshata. Their wealth appears to have fallen at a daily rate of over half a million pounds. This has more to do with global market forces than anything to do with British politics.

Despite this, the Sunaks are still the wealthiest couple to live in 10 Downing Street.

There are firm hopes their wealth will recover in the coming years, and their current position could be a short blip.

One of the yesteryear high flyers on the List, Sir Richard Branson of the Virgin Air and rail transport, finance and fitness clubs fame suffered a severe downturn in his empire, plummeting from 44 to 77 bringing his wealth from £3,577 billion in 2022 to 2.4 billion due to losses in his space tourism venture.

There are many diasporans on the 350-strong List. They are listed with their industry, wealth and position on the List in brackets.

They include Samuel Tak Lee property business (£3.083 billion; 58 positions); Navin and Varsha



The King and his riches make a mark....King Charles III has built his fortune of £600 million and is on the List.



Richest couple to live in 10 Downing Street, Prime Minister Rishi Sunak and his wife Akshata Murthy have a fortune of millions.



Care products multi-millionaires Jatania Brothers who came from Uganda are popular members of the diaspora society.

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Culture

Morocco lauded for championing cultural cooperation, African Development

Worth Noting:

- Consequently, at the end of the meeting, the Ministers of Culture and Heads of Delegations of African countries present signed what was dubbed the “Rabat Declaration” whose central aim is to foster cultural cooperation among African countries.
- The declaration read by Morocco’s Minister of Youth, Culture and Communication, Mohammed Mehdi, at the same time underpinned the strategic importance of culture in building inclusive knowledge societies, fostering understanding and convergence, and contributing to inclusive and sustainable growth efforts in Africa besides its capital role in combating poverty and reinforcing social cohesion among the citizens within the African continent.
- Equally, it underscored the importance of extending and promoting initiatives aimed at enhancing cultural cooperation among our African countries, in order to establish a participatory approach for the inclusive development basically relying on culture as a lever for building societies and innovative solutions.



His Majesty King Mohammed VI of Morocco

Ministers of Culture and Heads of Delegations of African countries have applauded the selection of the Kingdom of Morocco’s capital, Rabat, to be the Capital of African Culture 2022-2023.

They in particular singled out the relentless efforts made by His Majesty King Mohammed VI in enhancing South-South cooperation and supporting inclusive development in Africa, and the leading role played by the Kingdom of Morocco in countering violence, extremism, and separatism, as well as ensuring peace and security prevails in Africa.

“We thank the Government of the Kingdom of Morocco for inviting us to hold this high-level meeting at the continental level, for its dedication and generous hospitality, and for the results achieved in this meeting. We commit to adopt the present meeting’s resolutions in our African countries,” remarked the high-ranking officials who attended the

African Ministerial Meeting on Culture held in Rabat Monday.

The meeting not only sought to establish the fundamental frameworks for enhancing cultural cooperation among African countries but also ponder on the requisite mechanisms needed for the development of common cultural efforts that are bound to be beneficial to the present and future African citizens.

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Equally, it underscored the importance of extending and promoting initiatives aimed at enhancing cultural cooperation among our African countries, in order to establish a participatory approach for the inclusive development basically relying on culture as a lever for building societies and innovative solutions.

Participants agreed to support the strengthening and enhancing of cultural cooperation, both bilaterally and multilaterally, among African countries, to achieve sustainable development goals and thus through emphasizing the importance of investing in the rich and diverse cultural, civilizational, and heritage assets via structural projects aimed at protecting and promoting tangible and intangible

cultural heritage, develop cultural tourism, fight illicit trafficking of cultural properties and goods, develop cultural and creative industries, exchange best practices and experiences in cultural professions, arts, and heritage, and create opportunities for youth to enhance their creative and artistic skills.

The delegates emphasized the importance of preserving the intangible cultural heritage of all African countries and expressed their strongest support for the implementation of the African Observatory for Intangible Cultural Heritage in Morocco.

“Convinced that cultural diplomacy is crucial for serving the issues of continental integration in various fields, we encourage the reinforcement of mechanisms of cultural diplomacy to ensure the inclusive growth and prosperity of our citizens within a unified continent on the inside of a peaceful, stable and developed con-

text,” the declaration read in part.

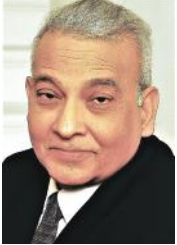
The event was characterized by animated cultural events that featured fields such as music, theatre, cinema, photography, digital arts and fashion shows, among others.

On the other hand, historical sites and public squares located in the city of Rabat played host to various cultural events in which a number of institutions related to the cultural field participated.

Kenya’s delegation to the meeting was led by Tourism Principal Secretary, John Oluotua who was accompanied by the Director of Culture, Dr. Lagat Kiprop.

Diaspora News

Cash rolls in for the diaspora wealthy in the land of milk and honey: RICH PICKINGS THIS YEAR FOR BRITAIN'S BILLIONAIRES



By: Shamlal Puri
Associate publisher
& Senior Editor - UK
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Zimbabwean Strive Masiyiwa is one of the few African millionaires on the List



Brothers David and Simon Reuben

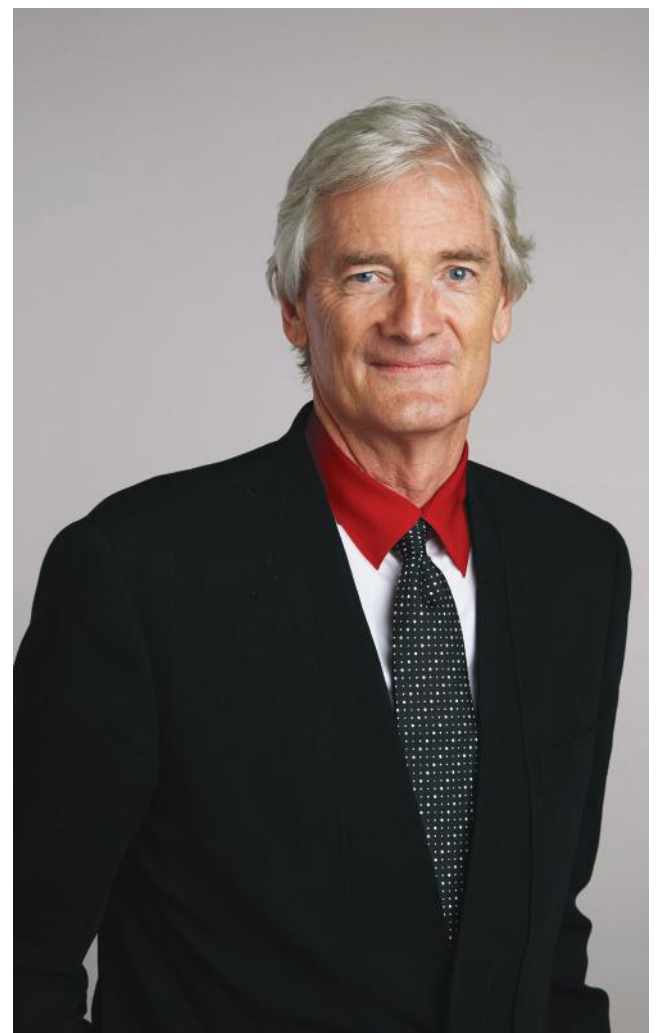
Engineer Chemide Pharmaceuticals (£2.8 billion, 61); Yakir Gabay Property (£2.8 billion, 62); Lord (Swaraj) Paul and family Caparo Steel (£2.6 billion, 68); Simon, Bobby and Robin Arora of B&M retail chain (£2.532 billion, 71); Sir Anwar Perwaiz and family, Bestway Cash and Carry (£2.42 billion, 76); Sundar Genomal family, fashion (£2,276 billion, 78); Wafic Said finance and property (£1.984 billion, 87).

Others are the world-famed Mohamed Al Fayed family owners of Harrods, the

exclusive London store for the mega-rich and Paris Ritz (£1.699 billion, 104); Suneil Setiya, hedge fund (£1.69 billion, 105); Strive Masiyiwa, the London-based Zimbabwean billionaire Telecoms Econet (£1.66 billion, 108); Mahdi al-Tajir, metals, water and oil (£1.637 billion, 111); Farhad Moshiri football Everton and Investment (£1.63 billion, 112); Sanjeev and Arani Sosaipillai, oil (£1.505 billion, 121); Sunil Vaswani family transport and food (£1.333 billion, 130); Surinder Arora family hotels (£1,305 billion, 135);

Mo Ibrahim telecoms (£1 billion, 168); Geeta Gupta-Fisker NS Henrik Fisker, electric vehicles (£860 million, 198).

Rising technology giant Herman Narula (£700 million, 240) has impressed; Ranjit and Baljinder Boparan family, food and restaurants (£684 million, 247); Mahmud Kamani family, internet retailers (£675 million, 249); Jatania brothers, property, fashion and toiletries (£650 million, 252 position); Bhupendra Kansagra family, shipping fuel, chemicals, (£579 mil-



Sir James Dyson's invention of bagless vacuum cleaners has made its mark in the UK. Photo Royal Society

lion, 271); Hamdi Akin Ipek family, mining, media and energy (£514 million, 280); Kuljinder Bahia family, travel agents (£400 million, 328).

For those in this billionaires and millionaires club, the United Kingdom is a land of milk of honey.

.....

Rabat declaration agree to promote culture in Africa

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Contd from Page 1

Worth Noting:

- The meeting was held in Rabat, Kingdom of Morocco on the 22nd May 2023, where the leaders acknowledged the important role played by King Mohammed VI, in enhancing South-South cooperation and supporting the inclusive development in the African continent.
- Other issue discussed at length by the leaders emphasized on the leading role of the Kingdom of Morocco in countering violence and preventing extremism, and fighting against separatism, as well as in establishing a continent wide-peace and security.
- Ministers of culture and heads of delegations from African countries, unanimously agreed to establish frameworks for enhancing cultural cooperation among African states and to deliberate on the necessary mechanisms for the development of common cultural efforts which will benefit, both present and future.

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Rabat declaration meeting



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Rabat declaration meeting

WFP plan aims to prevent further food aid diversion in Ethiopia

Following widespread diversion of lifesaving food aid in Ethiopia last month, the World Food Programme (WFP) has strengthened safeguards and controls in a bid to prevent further misuse, the UN agency said on Tuesday.

WFP had paused distributions in the restive Tigray region in the north after finding evidence of significant supplies on sale in local markets, and immediately launched an investigation.

Over 20 million people are in dire need of food assistance in Ethiopia, where communities continue to be affected by the impact of prolonged conflict and a historic drought across the Horn of Africa.

Zero tolerance policy

“WFP has zero tolerance for theft or diversion that prevents critical food from reaching the hungry families who need it to survive. Those found responsible must be held accountable,” Executive Director Cindy McCain said in a statement.

“We are committed to doing everything it takes to guarantee that food assistance benefits the people who need it most,” she added.

The WFP plan will be enacted across all its operations in Ethiopia. Actions include implementing real-time food security and needs assessments, strengthening targeting



WFP plan aims to prevent further food aid diversion in Ethiopia

and management of beneficiary lists and identity checks, and reinforcing tracking to follow food movements from warehouses to beneficiaries.

The Nobel Prize-winning agency will also work closely with Ethiopi-

an regional and national authorities, and with partners, to implement needed reforms so that urgent food assistance can resume in Tigray and support intended beneficiaries nationwide.

“Taking food away from starvation is unacceptable, whether in Ethiopia or anywhere else in the world,” said McCain.

“WFP is actively assessing all high-risk country operations to ensure

stringent processes are in place so that our assistance makes it to the millions and millions of hungry people who depend on us.”

China

China to work with intl community to promote global trade, investment

Chinese Vice Premier He Lifeng Wednesday said that China is ready to work with the international community to strengthen communication and exchanges, promote trade and stimulate growth drivers for investment cooperation.

He, also a member of the Political Bureau of the Communist Party of China Central Committee, made the remarks while addressing the opening ceremony of the Global Trade and Investment Promotion Summit of 2023.

It is of great significance to hold the summit again this year, He said.

The vice premier noted that China is now a force of certainty and stability in the world's economic recovery and international trade and investment. He said China will create more opportunities for the world through its own development.

He expressed the hope that the global community will work together to accelerate international trade and investment and inject a strong impetus into global economic recovery.



Chinese Vice Premier He Lifeng addresses the opening ceremony of the Global Trade and Investment Promotion Summit of 2023 in Beijing, capital of China, May 24, 2023. /Xinhua

Rwanda

Rwandan genocide suspect Fulgence Kayishema in South Africa court



Kayishema holds up a book emblazoned with 'Jesus First' during his appearance in the Cape Town Magistrates' Court [Nic Bothma/Reuters]

Worth Noting:

- Kayishema will be held at Cape Town's Pollsmoor Prison ahead of extradition to Rwanda.
- "This appears to be just the start of a longer process for justice for many people who suffered during the Rwandan genocide," said Al Jazeera's Fahmida Miller, reporting from Cape Town.
- Gatete Ruhumuliza, a Rwandan lawyer and political analyst, described Kayishema as an "important" figure among genocide perpetrators.
- "What Kayishema did ... is he broke the first taboo, which was killing people seeking shelter in a church. That was unheard of," Ruhumuliza told Al Jazeera from Rwanda's capital, Kigali.
- "Subsequent killings followed that pattern ... because many Tutsis who were killed took shelter [in a church] thinking no one would dare cross that barrier."

The 62-year-old was arrested this week near Cape Town after 22 years on the run.

Fulgence Kayishema, one of the most wanted remaining fugitives of the Rwandan genocide, has appeared before a court in the South African city of Cape Town following his arrest this week after 22 years on the run.

Kayishema is accused of taking part in the killing of 2,000 people sheltering inside a Catholic church in one of the 1994 Rwandan genocide's bloodiest episodes.

He was arrested on Wednesday under the false name of Donatien Nibashumba on a grape farm in Paarl, 60km (35 miles) north of Cape Town.

South African police said the arrest was made in response to an Interpol red notice. Red notices go out to law enforcement agencies around the world. They seek the location and arrest of fugitives wanted for prosecution or to serve prison sentences.

Entering court on Friday for an initial hearing with

a Bible and book emblazoned with "Jesus First", the 62-year-old was asked by a journalist if he had anything to say to victims.

"What can I say? We are sorry to hear what was happening," he responded after coming up from holding cells at Cape Town Magistrates' Court. "It was a war at that time. ... I didn't have any role."

In his brief court appearance, Kayishema was accompanied by masked police officers with automatic weapons and bullet-resistant vests. The National Prosecuting Authority (NPA) said the case was postponed to June 2 to allow it time for further investigation.

"While he was being arrested, more information came, which could mean us adding more charges," NPA provincial spokesperson Eric Ntabazalila told journalists, saying prosecutors would oppose bail should he seek it.

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Kayishema had been a fugitive from justice since 2001 when the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda (ICTR) indicted him for genocide over his alleged role in the destruction of the Nyange Catholic Church in Kibuye prefecture.

More than 800,000 Rwandans, most from the Tutsi

ethnic group, were killed during 100 days of violence by forces and vigilantes from the Hutu ethnic group. Thousands of moderate Hutus were also killed in the violence, considered one of the worst atrocities of the 20th century.

At the Nyange church, Hutu militia lobbed grenades then doused it with fuel to set it ablaze. When that failed, they knocked down the church with bulldozers, and most of those hiding inside died.

Kayishema faces five charges in South Africa, including two of fraud related to applications he made for asylum and refugee status. The NPA alleges he gave his nationality as Burundian and used a false name.

Serge Brammertz, chief prosecutor of the International Residual Mechanism for Criminal Tribunals, the successor of the ICTR, told the BBC that Kayishema had fled Rwanda after the genocide and hid among refugees.

"First, he went to the DRC [Democratic Republic of the Congo] for a number

of months. Then he went to a refugee camp in Tanzania. From there, he moved to Mozambique. Then two years later to eSwatini, and then in the late 90s, he ended up in South Africa," Brammertz said.

The prosecution persuaded a small number of former Rwandan soldiers with false identities living in South Africa as refugees to provide information on Kayishema's whereabouts, he said.

SOURCE: AL JAZEERA AND NEWS AGENCIES



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Education

Problems That Arise In The Process Of Teaching A Foreign Language And Their Solutions

Annotation: This article highlights the description of useful options which helps to think in English.

With the development of the period, the need and demand for learning a language have increased so much that nowadays there is a need to know a foreign language in almost every field. In particular, English has become one of the most studied languages in the world. The demand and supply for young personnel who can perfectly learn this language and contemplate in this one are increasing more and more. However, a question arises: "Why is it difficult for us to think in this language?"; "How we can debate, praise and criticize in this language?"; These questions will be answered fully, clearly, and with examples in this article.

Some reasons that prevent us from thinking in English and one of them is the use of bilingual dictionaries. That is, if we want to know the meaning of a word or phrase, we use bilingual dictionaries, from English to native language or from native to English. Many students continue to refer to these translation dictionaries whenever they want to know the meaning of a word because they have been taught the grammar-translation method since kindergarten and school and it has become a habit for them, however, it is very urgent that we should break this mode. Because of big differences between languages in terms of vocabulary, translation, grammar, and structure, we confront with a plenty of obstacles when we want to know how a word in Uzbek is called in English, we may not find this word in dictionaries, or we may find a word used in a completely different meaning in dictionaries. We know that every language has its own and figurative words, and in the process of translation we come across words with completely different meanings from bilingual dictionaries. In addition, it takes a lot of time to think and translate in a conversation - this leads to pauses, hesitations and the inability to speak quickly and fluently.

The reasons mentioned above are known to eradicate our study on foreign language. Even so, there are several methods and specific rules to overcome such misunderstandings and defects. If we follow them strictly,



Teaching A Foreign Language And Their Solutions

we can soon notice a great revolution, and we can communicate in English fluently and become proficient in meditating on English. To begin with, we should surround ourselves with English. This does not mean going to an English-speaking country, and even we can accomplish this task at our home. For this, we need to do a day of English for 10 minutes every day, and we should regard this time not as study time, but as a fun and interesting process. Later, we can gradually increase this time from 10 minutes to 20, 30, 40 and more minutes. At this time, we can listen to podcasts, listen to the radio or music, read blogs, magazines and books or watch the English movies that we like, and during this time we can do two things. Firstly, we can listen passively. At that moment, we reduce the stress and pressure and it helps us to learn the language deeply. We also get the opportunity to get to know the speech and pronunciation of native speakers and increase our range of vocabulary. The other is that we have the opportunity to repeat the words and phrases we perceive and find out, and this is very beneficial for regulating pronunciation standards.

Moreover, we should only turn to account words that we know and have already learned. Sometimes we try to explain or express an idea while speaking, but we don't acquire knowledge of vocabulary. At this time, we endeavour to find the translation of this word in the dictionary or ask someone

for a translation. Maybe it helps us to increase our vocabulary, but it has a defective effect on the fluency of our speech. Therefore, it is preferable to use only words that we acquainted with. Although these words are very elementary, if the speech is carried out fluently without pauses and word searches, we will be successful. If we don't have enough vocabulary to explain something, we need to look around the word, by this we mean that, we can think of synonyms or alternatives for that word. If we can't find them either, it's best to refrain from expressing that thought or idea.

The next point is that we should start learning from small and build it up step by step. It is challenging to ruminate about this non-native language, however, we can initiate this from learning only simple words, after that, we broaden this range by being informed of collocations, phrases, simple and complex sentences. One of the most conventional and predominant ways is looking at a picture and illustrating it. At first, we start by saying only the name of the item, subject, person and event depicted in this picture which we know the translation of. Then, we make phrases with adjectives or pronouns from the ones mentioned above. We make simple sentences from word combinations, and complex sentences from simple sentences. Then we get used to doing this exercise when we walk down the street, do shopping, go to the doctor's office, wait in queue at the bank. By re-

peating this actions permanently, we learn to describe, analyze and evaluate the events and cases happening around us. Thus, we rise from the bottom to the top. Russian psychologist Lev Vygotsky said that the inner voice, our thinking came from the internalization of the outer voice. The inner voice in our head is the same as when we speak. There is one difference and it is our muscles. We do not make use of our muscles when we think, but we utilize when we speak. That is why, this process of thinking, speaking, thinking, and speaking through practice we can amplify it and help us to think in English.

Another strategy is that we should use English in our daily life. We should keep a diary and when we wake up in the morning, we should write in it our plans for the day, the tasks that we need to do, and at the end of the day, how our day was, what events happened, and what plans we made in our diary. Due to the repetition of such kind of workouts, we learn to use English in everyday life and use it correctly. Of course, there is a huge difference between speaking and writing, and they are separated from each other. But, according to some researches, writing and speaking are connected to each other in some cases. For instance, both of this skills require to meditate, criticize, prove or explain the phenomenon and it is depend on ourselves how to express this. However, we cannot write the way we speak. By taking notes, making some sentences on

our diary, we learn to write cohesively and coherently in English without translation and a dictionary. As I highlighted above, we should only use the words we know. In addition to this, as we know, practice is the most important part of learning language, as well as English. When we practice speaking with our friends, teachers, family members or other people, we will be more aware of events or things that are happening around us. So, we will more likely to think in English in order to make conversation with our partners.

The last option is that we should be monolingual. As I mentioned above, when we search words which we don't know in bilingual dictionary, we may face some difficulties to find the exact translation or meaning. It is better to use monolingual ones that show the synonyms or definitions. By this, we can focus only on one language, enlarge our range of vocabulary and learn to think in this language.

All in all the discussion in this article has clearly shown some causes which disturb us from learning language completely and properly, and a huge number of options and strategies which help us to think in English, speak fluently and smoothly like native speakers and break up the barriers that we may face. By following these rules, we hope that students, even language learners can adapt to the English environment and live in it!

Worth Noting:

- The reasons mentioned above are known to eradicate our study on foreign language. Even so, there are several methods and specific rules to overcome such misunderstandings and defects.
- If we follow them strictly, we can soon notice a great revolution, and we can communicate in English fluently and become proficient in meditating on English.
- To begin with, we should surround ourselves with English. This does not mean going to an English-speaking country, and even we can accomplish this task at our home.
- For this, we need to do a day of English for 10 minutes every day, and we should regard this time not as study time, but as a fun and interesting process. Later, we can gradually increase this time from 10 minutes to 20, 30, 40 and more minutes.

Daughter of Egamberdiyeva Jayron Ikram, 11th grade student school No. 39, Bogot district, Khorezm region

Uzbekistan

ZULFIYA'S DAUGHTER

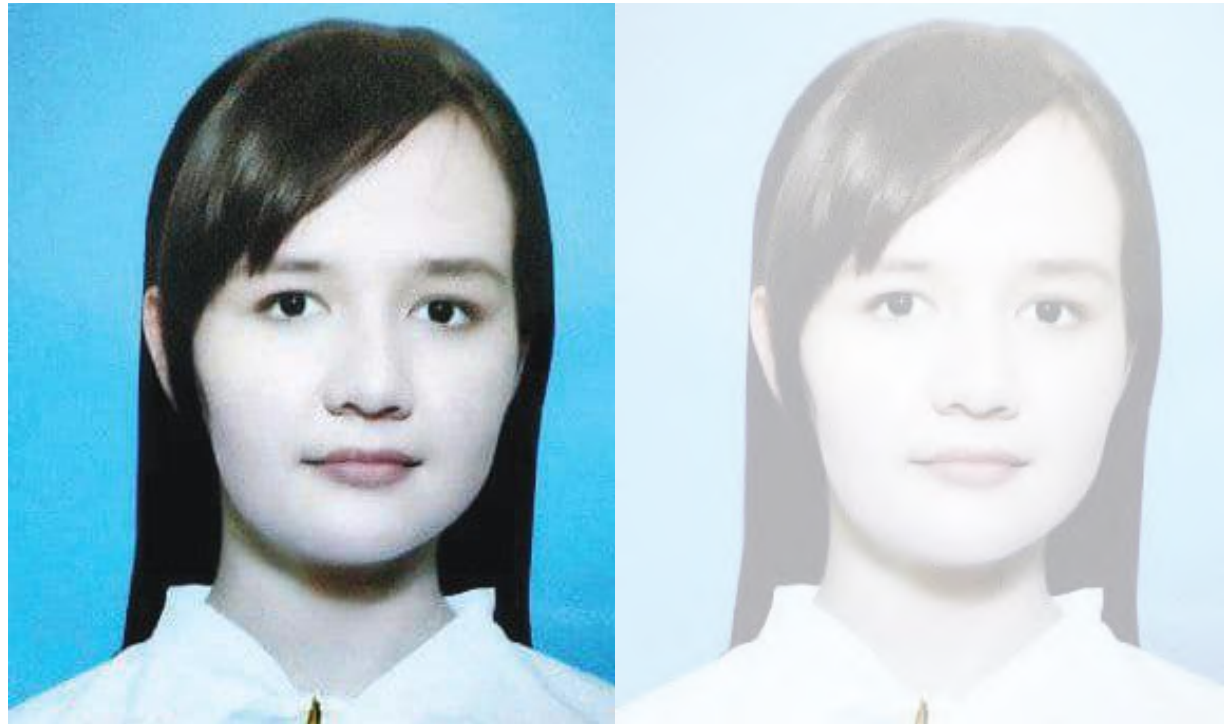
Today I also took a pen in my hand,
I want to take my sorrow from your heart,
I am a little bird of the poetry garden,
Grandma Zulfiya's little girl.

If I sing, my country is beautiful,
If I deliver, the wind will blow your hearts,
Be the footsteps of the rare ones,
Grandma Zulfiya's little girl.

I have a passion for poetry in my blood,
After all, I am a descendant of Uvaysiy grandma,
In which countries, tell us,
Do Zulfiya's little girl.

Dancing with a pen in hand,
We will never send sorrow to hearts,
Let the spirits fly from the heads of the beasts,
We are the wandering birds of Zulfiya Park.

The peace of our country is our glory,
Every moment is filled with happiness,
May his soul bless you,
Grandma Zulfiya's husband Jayron.



India

New parliament building: India opposition boycott casts shadow on inauguration

India's new parliament is set to be inaugurated this weekend amid a political row as 19 opposition parties say they will boycott the ceremony. Prime Minister Narendra Modi will inaugurate the building on Sunday. But opposition leaders say India's president, the highest constitutional authority, should open the building. Leaders of the governing Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) have accused the opposition of "playing political games".

On Wednesday, 19 parties – including the main opposition Congress – issued a statement announcing their "collective decision" to boycott the inauguration ceremony.

They said that while the opening was "a momentous occasion", Mr Modi's "decision to inaugurate the building by himself" was "a grave insult [and] a "direct assault" on India's democracy.

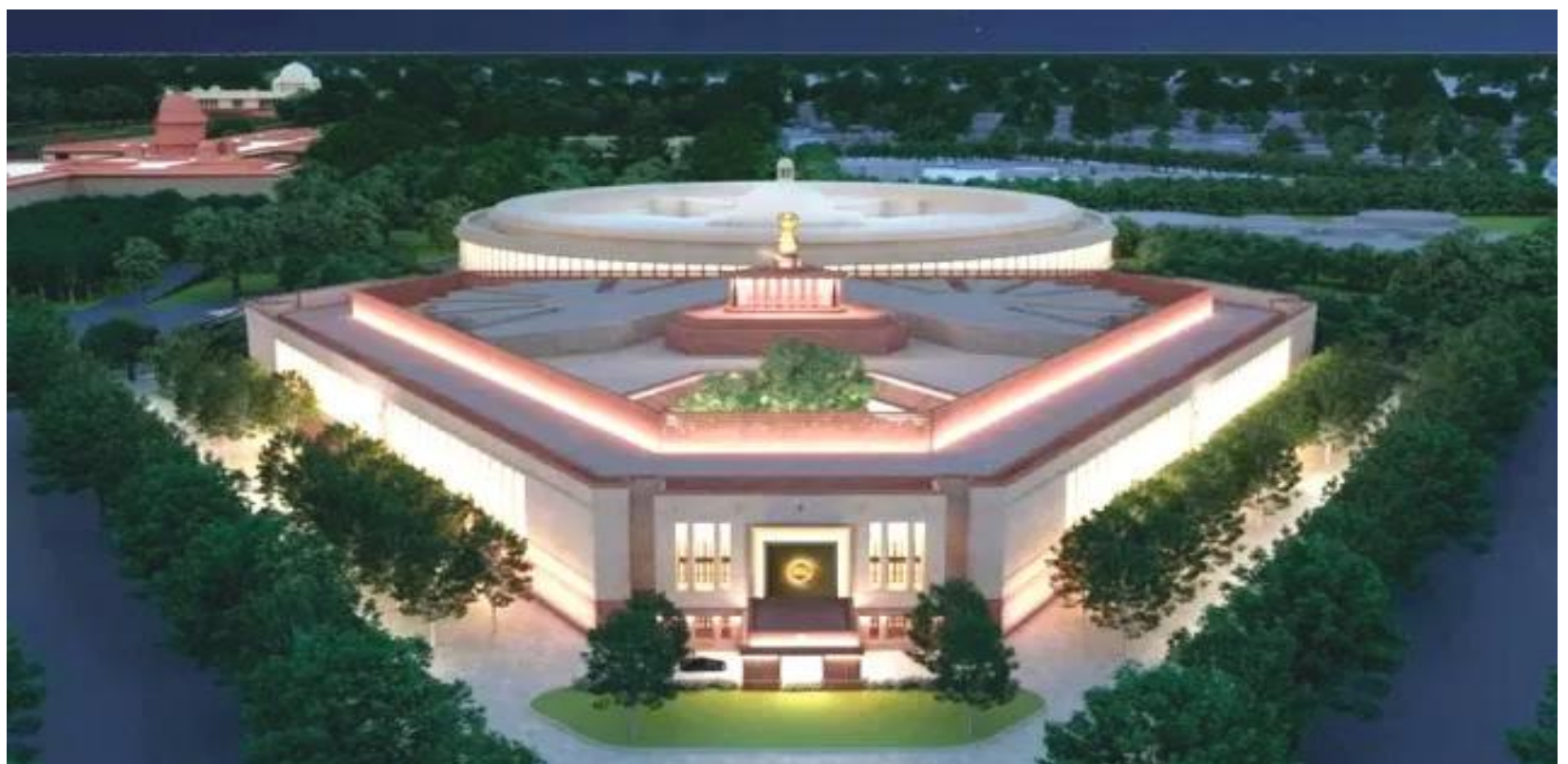
The statement also mentioned that opposition MPs had been "disqualified, suspended and muted" while "controversial legislations" were passed with little debate.

"When the soul of democracy has been sucked out from the parliament, we find no value in a new building," the parties added.

India's Home Minister Amit Shah said that all political parties had been invited for the ceremony, and asked the opposition to not politicise the event.

"The government has requested all to be present. Everyone will act according to their own feelings," he said in a press conference on Wednesday.

Relations between the governing BJP and most opposition parties are strained, often leading to an impasse during parliament sessions. Recently, opposition leaders protested after



The political row over India's new parliament has intensified

Congress leader Rahul Gandhi was disqualified from parliament after he was sentenced to jail in a defamation case.

Leaders from the governing National Democratic Alliance, led by the BJP, criticised the opposition statement, calling it "an egregious insult to our democracy and to their elected representatives". They also asked the opposition to "think about the nation and not individual political gains".

Opposition leaders have also criticised the government's choice of date for the ceremony, which coincides with the birth anniversary of Hindutva ideologue VD Savarkar. Not all opposition parties are on the same page on the matter – some regional parties such as the Biju Janata

Dal and the YSR Congress Party will attend the ceremony.

The new parliament building – which is part of the government's ambitious project to develop the Central Vista power corridor in capital Delhi – has been steeped in controversy from the outset.

Many opposition politicians, environmentalists and civil society groups had criticised the project for its high cost, and alleged that the government had not consulted other lawmakers and the public. They had also questioned the government's decision to build a new parliament building instead of upgrading the old one.

The government, however, said that the new parliament was necessary as the older building was "showing

signs of distress and over utilization". The new building – designed by HCP Design, Planning and Management and constructed by Tata Projects – has increased seating capacity and is built at an estimated cost of 9.7bn rupees (\$117.1m, £94.2m).

In 2020, the Congress had also boycotted the foundation stone-laying event of the new parliament, criticising the government for holding it at a time when farmers were protesting against three controversial new laws. The current row has generated plenty of debate in India, with some commentators saying it reflects a fractious milieu where the governing party and the opposition are unable to reach an agreement on most issues.

The Indian Express newspaper ar-

gued, in an editorial, that while the opposition had genuine grievances, it had to find a way to rise above them to mark this historic moment. "It cannot be – it should not be – that when coming generations look at this diverse nation's photo album, they see a parliament that is bare and monochromatic because 19 parties could not rise above their grievance, legitimate though it may have been, to embrace the larger occasion," it said.

China

China's reiterates stand on the Palestinian question

Worth Noting:

- The recent escalation of the Palestine-Israel conflict once again highlights the urgency of resolving the Palestinian question. The international community must put it high on the international agenda, stay committed to the two-state solution, push for early resumption of the Palestine-Israel peace talks, and address the legitimate and reasonable aspirations of the Palestinian people so that they can fulfil their dream of establishing an independent Palestinian state as soon as possible.
- Qin said that China upholds fairness and justice on the Palestinian question. It has all along firmly supported the Palestinian people's just cause of restoring their legitimate rights, and supported the establishment of an independent State of Palestine based on the 1967 border, and with east Jerusalem as its capital.



The commemoration of the 75th anniversary of the Nakba on May 15 was highly significant as it once again drew international attention to the question of Palestine and the Israel-Palestine conflict. On this day 75 years ago, the first war in the Middle East. "Nakba" is the Palestinian term for the events of 1948, when many Palestinians were displaced by the creation of the new state of Israel.

A large number of Palestinians lost their home and became displaced. Ever since then, the Palestinians have been on an arduous journey of pursuing their legitimate rights. In marking the United Nations Commemoration of the 75th Anniversary of the Nakba, Qin Gang, China's State Councilor and Minister of Foreign Affairs released a speech outlining his country's sentiments on this delicate matter.

Qin noted that for more than half a century, the tragedy of the Palestine-Israel conflict keeps repeating itself, causing longstanding antagonism between the Arab and Jewish peoples, plunging the region into flames of war time and again, and seriously jeopardizing world peace and

stability. Until now, the legitimate demands of the Palestinian people for an independent state is still not yet met. This calls into question international fairness and justice.

The Palestinian question is at the heart of the Middle East issue and bears on enduring peace, stability and security in the region. To de-escalate the Palestine-Israel conflict and resolve the Palestinian question, the fundamental way out lies in resuming the peace talks, enforcing the two-state solution, and establishing an independent Palestinian state.

The recent escalation of the Palestine-Israel conflict once again highlights the urgency of resolving the Palestinian question. The international community must put it high on the international agenda, stay committed to the two-state solution, push for early resumption of the Palestine-Israel peace talks, and address the legitimate and reasonable aspirations of the Palestinian people so that they can fulfil their dream of establishing an independent Palestinian state as soon as possible.

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fairness and justice on the Palestinian question. It has all along firmly supported the Palestinian people's just cause of restoring their legitimate rights, and supported the establishment of an independent State of Palestine based on the 1967 border, and with east Jerusalem as its capital.

For ten consecutive years, President Xi Jinping has sent congratulatory messages to the special commemorative meeting in observance of the International Day of Solidarity with the Palestinian People. More than once he put forward China's proposals for resolving the Palestinian question, stressing the need to resolutely advance a political settlement based on the two-state solution and intensify international efforts for peace.

China supports strengthening the authority of the Palestinian National Authority, supports enhancing unity among the various Palestinian factions, and encourages Palestine and Israel to resume peace talks on the basis of the two-state solution. China has hosted four Palestine-Israel Peace meetings to galvanize the search for peace. China has and will continue

to provide Palestine with humanitarian and development assistance, to assist it in capacity-building, developing its economy, and improving people's lives.

China applauds the important role the UN has played over the years in advancing the resolution of the Palestinian question and in easing the humanitarian situation in Palestine. As a permanent member of the UN Security Council and a responsible major country, China will continue to work with the international community to put into action the Global Security Initiative proposed by President Xi.

The country will also contribute to a comprehensive, just and enduring solution to the Palestinian question as soon as possible. China also appeals for the peaceful coexistence of Palestine and Israel and the common development of the Arab and Jewish people.

The root cause of the deterioration of the situation is that for a long time there has not been a just solution to the Palestinian question. In recent years, the Middle East peace process has deviated from its original track, the United Nations Security

ty Council resolutions have not been earnestly implemented and, in particular, the Palestinian right to build an independent state has been continuously violated, adding to the plight of the Palestinian people. Without a just settlement of the Palestinian question, Palestine and Israel as well as the Middle East will not achieve true and lasting peace.

In its white paper titled, "China's Peaceful" published in September 2011, China reiterated to the rest of the world that it took a path of peaceful development and is committed to upholding world peace and promoting common development and prosperity for all countries. At the beginning of the second decade of the 21st century and on the occasion of the 90th anniversary of the founding of the Communist Party of China, China declared again that peaceful development is a strategic choice made by China to realise modernisation, make itself strong and prosperous, and make more contribution to the progress of human civilization.



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Teaching Language Competences Through Modern Metodos

By: Asqaraliyeva Diyora
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Worth Noting:

- In this regard, our first president, Islam Karimov, said, “Our children must be stronger, more educated, and more happy than us.” So much trust, so much attention, so many opportunities for the youth. After all, knowledgeable, enlightened youth is the pillar on which this country always rests. It is true that not every young generation can be knowledgeable, moral, and intellectually mature. But it can be overcome, because youth is a possibility.
- The American poet Lould says about this, “Perhaps youth is immortal, but it is quickly cured with age.” This phrase embodies the meaning of youth – it means that all problems and difficulties are solved quickly, obstacles are easily overcome, and dreams are fulfilled. It is a time when you want things to come true and when you work hard.

While teaching a foreign language it is possible to form and improve not only proficiency in language and culture, but professional communication of future specialists, to develop initiative personality, ability to work in a team and getting ready to life-long learning. So that it is significant to realize and organize the lessons and tasks to motivate and moderate student during learning foreign languages. In such quickly developing and changing world learning foreign languages and being able to communicate in the professional sphere which the students will have is very essential. For that reasons we should motivate them and do our best to use perspective methods and technics of teaching foreign languages, in our case English as a foreign language.

There are several ways of learning English. The most popular and effective are: 1. Self-study
2. Training in groups
3. Individual training with a teacher
4. Practice abroad by far the most important factor is how much time you are immersed in the language.

The more time you spend with the language, the faster you will learn. It means spending time enjoyable connected to the language you are learning. Listening,

uation or emergency when you need to whip your book out and know how to communicate something. Phrase books are great for learning simple greetings, numbers and knowing simple tourist phrases, but to develop your knowledge further you will need to know how to complete sentences and learn about grammar. The modern methods of the group have important impact on the way of thinking and acting of children. Their application is made as a game with rules. Presented in this way, the methods convince the children to participate to the activity, for an active learning and cooperation and determine them to collaborate inside the group. The teachers should know how to use these modern group-work methods taking into consideration the different personalities of the 190 children. Each child needs a special gesture, questions, advice, motivation and attitude depending on the situation. The following tips should be followed each time we apply team-work plays:

- The period of time for the activity has to be mentioned to the children.
- The steps and rules of the activity should be presented gradually.
- The activity has to be connected to the reality.
- The activity has to offer to the children the possibility

reading, writing, speaking, and studying words and phrases are considered to be essential in English. If you do want to learn the language, take control. Choose content of interest, that you want to listen to and read. Seek out the words and phrases that you need to understand your listening and reading. Do not wait for someone else to show you the language. Discover the language by yourself. Reading is the easiest and most affordable way to replenish vocabulary of foreign words and constructions. And that's why you should begin or continue learning English with the help of reading original or adapted books. Read and practice every day! It's very important. Read things that you like, things that you can mostly understand, or even partly understand. If you keep reading you will get used to the language. Phrase books can be useful for the odd sticky sit-

of feed-back, of correcting themselves. Children learn English as a second or foreign language much faster than the adults. They imitate the teacher's pronunciation, sentences, phrases, and words more easily. They do not ask for explicit rules which explain how sentences are put together, produced, and pronounced. They may ask for the meanings of words, but they are able to intuitively identify salient features of the meanings of a word and use the word more or less correctly. Everyone loves music because it's fun and having fun is important when you're trying to learn a language. Songs are catchy and easy to listen to, so try downloading or buying music in a foreign language. Repetition is the key to learning, so if you listen to the same song again and again you will eventually know the words. It's a great way to learn about the popular or traditional music

styles in that country too. If you have a favorite popular song try to find it sung in another language or find the lyrics with the help of the internet and sit there with them whilst you listen to the song. One of the easiest ways to learn English is to practice online. While there is a variety of great websites online that will allow you to learn and practice English. Try one of the many online grammar exercise sites available on the internet. You will find varied exercises and quizzes for most grammar points where you will have useful explanations. One of the best reasons for doing lots of exercises and tests is that they give you a benchmark to compare your future results with. If you never test yourself, you will never know about your progress. Start now by doing some of exercises and tests, and return in a few days to see what you've learned. Keep doing this and you really will make some progress with English. Also you can find a lot of useful online lessons in the Net. Whether it's talking to people at the checkout in the supermarket, asking for directions, ordering food in a restaurant or chatting to people at a social gathering, you will be speaking the language on a daily basis. Being in a particular country for a long period of time you will

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be forced to learn the language in order to be able to communicate with people. It is efficient way to go to English-speaking country and live there a few months. When you are in a language environment and communicate with native speakers, English is learnt very quickly. Music has an ability of getting stuck in our heads. Tunes and lyrics will often infiltrate our thoughts and play over and over in our minds. All of which will help you to learn English with songs as you easily memorize vocabulary and phrases. In fact, after a short period of time you will find it almost impossible to forget them. Songs are emotional. Our relationship with music is deep, powerful and hugely rewarding. It is a key that unlocks our emotions, influences our moods and enhances our mental and physical well-being. When something is emotional, then of course it is also easi-

er to remember. Listening to music is an easy habit. One reason people find language learning difficult is they don't have an extra minute in the day to devote to their studies. But when you're learning English through songs, you don't need to set aside too much time because you can take the music with you wherever you go. We know several ways of learning language such as the silent-way method. It came into existence when the idea of learning a language by forming a set of habits was seriously challenged in the early 1960. Linguist like Caleb Gattegno looked at language learning from a learner's point of view by studying the way babies and young children picked up the language. In other words, students are responsible for their own learning. They are initiators of learning and capable of independently acquiring language. This method gave importance to the learning process and not teaching. The Silent Way emphasizes learner autonomy. The teacher acts merely as a facilitator trying to encourage students to be more active in their learning. The main of this way of teaching is for the teacher to say very little, so students can take control of their learning. There's a big emphasis on pronunciation and a large chunk of the lesson focuses

so they will be easily acquired. Other sounds will need more attention and so they will have to be extensively practiced until they become habits. The proper learning of pronunciation forms the basis for further success in mastering English. The teaching of pronunciation requires on the part of the teacher several examinations and analysis. Pronunciation cannot be learned by mere imitation by everyone. There are exceptionally talented pupils who can acquire a good pronunciation by nothing more than listening to the sound of English. The majority of students need additional aid. They must be taught how sounds are introduced. In this way, to the checking power of the ear is added the constructive power of placing the vocal organs in certain positions, so as to produce certain sounds. The movement of the tongue cannot be seen, it is almost all the time hidden from sight. The complex and difficult utterances that make up speech up sounds can be properly reproduced by listening, imitation and especially by giving description as to their formation. Foreign language lessons include the stages of developing relevant speaking skills and competencies through the presentation of new learning material, its prac-

tice through a variety of exercises, and its application to a variety of speech situations. A number of interactive methods can be used to increase student engagement in the classroom. The term interactive method is derived from the English word “interactive”, which means to increase students' internal activity. We should talk about the use of interactive methods of training, which encourage interest in the profession; promote the efficient acquisition of training material; form patterns of conduct; provide high motivation, strength, knowledge, team spirit and freedom of expression; and most importantly, contribute to the complex competences of future specialists. We will give an overview of the modern teaching methods that are most widespread in

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Teaching Language Competences Through Modern Metodos

Contd from Page 22.



Teaching Language Competences Through Modern Metodos In Uzbekistan

the scientific and methodological literature and have the potential to form the competences of future professionals. The training, case study, behavioral modeling, peer feedback, play project, metaphor game, storytelling, basket and action learning methods-and their potential in professional training. There are a number of types of this method, some of which are currently widely used in interactive methods such as “brainstorming”, “business games”, “pin-board”, “cluster”, “cinquain”, “cubic technology”, role-playing games are aimed at increasing the activity of students in the educational process. In interactive teaching, group teaching, small groups of 3-5 people are effective. Summarizing the above, it can be called “Innovative technology”. Innovative technologies are ways to improve the acquisition of knowledge through the use of factors that increase the effectiveness of education, the design and implementation of various pedagogical processes. Its main purpose is to make innovations and changes in

the activities of teachers and students in the educational process, which requires the use of interactive methods. Interactive methods are based on the active, free and independent thinking of each learner involved in the learning process.

In short, learning a foreign language using computer programs can be more effective and motivating. Playing these types of games with flash cards has been proven to help students learn a foreign language quickly. It is actually difficult to say

which teaching method is effective unless used in a classroom of students with different need, learning experience, intellectual levels, cultural background and attitude towards learning English as a Second Language. Sometimes more than

one method is used to bring out the desired results in the language classroom where communication becomes the key factor of teaching-learning process.

Knowledgeable, Broad-Minded Young People Are The Wealth Of The Country

By: Shoyimqulova Kamola
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“Together with our determined young people, we will definitely build New Uzbekistan!” says our president Shavkat Mirziyayev, expressing his confidence in young people. Youth is the future of every country, its future! For many years, this slogan has been a legend in languages. The driving forces of revolution, development and progress are, without a doubt, young people. In the history of all ages and nations, youth has always been in the main place. And this is not for nothing, because young people have active qualities, strong knowledge – they are people who are thirsty for justice, courage, and honor.

Why young people? Because their country’s tomorrow is the pillar of development. Therefore, investing in them, focusing on them, is an effort for the future. Today and since time immemorial, special attention has been paid to the young generation in our country, to their education and occupation.

It is one of the most important tasks in New Uzbekistan to educate young people who have modern knowledge and skills, who set a clear goal and strive for it. Yoshla is the tomor-

row of every people, every nation. They are literally the country’s greatest treasure, priceless wealth. Today, according to statistical data, 64% of the population of our country are young people, that is, people under 30 years old.

And it is these 64% of young people who are the pillars of our country’s development. It is the priority goal not only of our president, but also of the whole nation to bring up the representatives of the future with high morals, intellectual maturity, knowledge and discipline, to receive high-quality and modern education and, most importantly, to bring them to adulthood in the spirit of patriotism.

This goal is the basis of social development and success. After all, educated, enterprising, broad-minded and intellectually capable young people can make a worthy contribution to the development of the Motherland, its development, and the establishment of New Uzbekistan.

Therefore, there is a strong focus on the education of young people. In his address to the Oliy Majlis, President Shavkat Mirziyayev said, “New Uzbekistan starts from the threshold of the school, from the education system.” It is not for nothing that the young generation starts learning

from school.

School is a center of knowledge for them. For this reason, our country’s president intended to gradually implement the goal of educating young people. As they already noted, “If we can combine the knowledge and experience of the older generation, the qualities of foresight, with the enthusiasm, courage and selflessness of our youth, we will definitely reach the desired goals!” Great things are being done in our country to ensure a bright future for the young generation, to educate them with a wide range of thinking, potential and intelligence. Under the leadership and initiative of our head of state, specific measures are being implemented to direct the potential of young people to noble goals and unite them around constructive ideas.

Due to the initiative and care of our countryman, young people have reached the heights of modern knowledge and development, and with innovative initiatives, ideas, enthusiasm, achievements, and victories, to become worthy and loyal children of our countryman. All opportunities and conditions are embodied.

The goal is clear – to support young people, to bring up a mentally mature, knowledgeable, physically healthy, intellectually developed,

independent thinking young generation.

In this regard, our first president, Islam Karimov, said, “Our children must be stronger, more educated, and more happy than us.” So much trust, so much attention, so many opportunities for the youth. After all, knowledgeable, enlightened youth is the pillar on which this country always rests. It is true that not every young generation can be knowledgeable, moral, and intellectually mature. But it can be overcome, because youth is a possibility. The American poet Lound says about this, “Perhaps youth is immoral, but it is quickly cured with age.” This phrase embodies the meaning of youth – it means that all problems and difficulties are solved quickly, obstacles are easily overcome, and dreams are fulfilled. It is a time when you want things to come true and when you work hard.

As the future of the country and its development is in the hands of the youth, we should make it our main goal that they should justify such a great task and trust, and grow up to be intellectually mature, intelligent, broad-minded, patriotic and loyal people. We need a patch. After all, we, the youth, are the pillars trusted by our country’s president. As they said, “Today, for the development of

our multiethnic nation, our Motherland,

He is working selflessly to create a new renaissance of Uzbekistan. Our young people, who are joining us with big dreams and big plans, are our main support and support. You are literally the prospects of our country, the creators of our bright future!” It is the duty of every young generation to maintain this confidence. As the well-known poet of our people, Erkin Vahidov, said, “The country, the people, and the youth itself will be pleased with the young men and women who gave their energy in their youth.”

The Development Of The Volunteer Movement In Uzbekistan And Their Reasons

By: Kalmuratov Samandar
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Worth Noting:

10 years after the earthquake, on May 20, 1976, the “Courage” monumental complex was erected in Tashkent, and this object represents the volunteer movement of that time. The main goals and factors of volunteering:

- Improving leadership skills in young people;
- Formation of a healthy mind and a healthy mind in young people, expanding their worldview;
- Raising the legal and cultural consciousness of young people;
- Developing a sense of patriotism in young people.



The Development Of The Volunteer Movement In Uzbekistan

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Abstract. To be compassionate and kind to those around you, to lend a helping hand to those who need help, to be a medicine for their pain, to ease their burden, to be a person worthy of the day of the people, neighborhood and Being a useful person for the society is our heritage from our ancestors. Today, under the leadership of our Honorable President, we are creating an independent, humanitarian, people-friendly state, a highly moral civil society. The volunteer movement has a long history. A number of sources give different facts about its origin. In the 17th century, the concepts of “voluntaire” in French, “volontario” in Italian, and “volontair” in German have the same meaning. Today, the Gharib model of volunteerism is widely developed around the world. In 1990, at the 11th Congress of the International Association of Volunteers, the Declara-

tion of World Volunteers was adopted. “European Voluntary Service” (EVS) was established by the European Union in 1996. The European Union Commission officially named 2011 the “Year of Volunteers in Europe” in view of the importance of volunteering and volunteer activities in public administration. 2001 was announced by the UN as the “International Year of Volunteers”.
Key words: the concept of volunteerism, humanitarianism, tolerance and solidarity, organization of volunteer activities to organize Enter. As you know, the difficult situation caused by the pandemic has tested the volunteer movement. Groups of volunteers actively participated in the centers established due to the epidemic, in charity actions such as “Safe Help” campaign, “Generosity and Support” national movement, “Caravan of generosity to the cistern” and became a salve for the pain of our people. At the Uzbek youth forum held for the first time in our country, the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan acknowledged the initiatives and activity of our youth and said: “When things fell on their hands, our youth, if necessary, became a cure for the pain of our people by putting their dear lives as hostages. Your peers went

from house to house and gave practical help to the families who were suffering during the quarantine period. “Today, I would like to highlight the fact that thousands of our boys and girls have worked as volunteers in the “Generosity and Support” national movement” inspired the youth even more. Today, it has been started to give knowledge to volunteers to improve their level of culture. Volunteer schools were opened in 14 regions across Uzbekistan. Now there will be a separate office for volunteers in each region equipped with material and technical base. Also, 30 such centers are being created at universities. It serves for students to meet and discuss their projects in their free time, between classes or at the end. Voluntary action has a positive effect on both the person who performs it and the person who receives help from it. First of all: a person who helps others as a volunteer educates himself spiritually, gets spiritual strength from his work, enjoys it, feels his humanity, and so on. Once a person participates in this activity, his outlook on life changes in a completely positive direction. Secondly: a person who uses the support of volunteering activities feels that he is necessary for others, gets motivation, increases his desire for life,

opens opportunities for himself and develops. In turn, volunteering has the following positive effects for society:
1) the social activity, civil and human position of the members of society increases;
2) the opportunities of society members to organize, bond, unite under a noble idea will increase;
3) the priority of moral norms in the society increases and develops;
4) values such as kindness, mutual respect, and harmony develop among people.
The main part: Excavation of the Great Fergana Canal, the Great Fargona Canal, which is important in the socio-economic life of the Fergana Valley, plays a key role in the irrigation of agricultural fields, began in August 1939, and the people 270 kilometers length was built in 45 days by Hashari road. More than 200,000 people of Uzbekistan took part in the international festival. Another example of volunteerism is the efforts of our people to eliminate the consequences of the earthquake that occurred in Tashkent on April 26, 1966. 10 years after the earthquake, on May 20, 1976, the “Courage” monumental complex was erected in Tashkent, and this object represents the volunteer movement of that time. The

main goals and factors of volunteering:

- Improving leadership skills in young people;
- Formation of a healthy mind and a healthy mind in young people, expanding their worldview;
- Raising the legal and cultural consciousness of young people;
- Developing a sense of patriotism in young people.

Conclusion: by creating a wide space for volunteering in Uzbekistan, turning it into an important element of society, a universal movement that does not choose age or religion, which everyone should know about. Its main purpose is to provide assistance to individuals and legal entities, to society as a whole, to protect the environment, to participate in socially important events with the consent of those who organize them, to develop a civic perspective in society, self-organization, and social responsibility. is to form feelings of responsibility, solidarity, mutual help and compassion. Volunteer activity fulfills a number of tasks for the development of the state and society. In particular:

- Formation of mechanisms to involve citizens in various public activities aimed at improving the quality of life of the population.
- Provides assistance to society in solving social tasks.
- Develops and supports civic initiatives aimed at organizing volunteer activities
- Forms the skills of a healthy lifestyle in the population, educates the sense of patriotism.
- Participates in acquiring self-expression and self-organization skills by citizens to solve their social tasks.