

The discussion regarding abortion rights and women have not always included black women

## Black Women Slavery

The idea of sterilizing humans was thought about by Francis Galton:



# Black Women Did Not Own Their Bodies: Reproduction History and the Black Women

By: Dasetta Gray  
MA, Certified Infant/Toddler Specialist

Abortion is a very emotional topic. Having this conversation one must choose your discussant with intention. Abortion should be a woman's right to choose but as usual the male species must direct us or think for us. Women have been fighting for the right to have control over their bodies for centuries. Many western women will express the idea that we have "women's" rights however; we are still far from it as the courts can easily revoke that "right". We saw this happen on June 24th, 2022



Slave Auctions in Richmond, Virginia drawing by George Henry Andrews

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Venezuela takes back gang-run jail with own pool and zoo

Venezuela  
Europe



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African leaders take bold stand for sustainable development at UN Assembly

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China, Cuba to support each other on issues concerning core interests

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Five to be charged in UK with spying for Russia P 4

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My Country Uzbekistan Is On The Way To Development

USA Backpage  
Biden says 'when we stand together, we can tackle any challenge'



## Integration of health in climate change action needs political leadership, experts say

By: Claire Wanja

Scientists in Africa have raised concerns over the pressing weak political commitment, scientific evidence and inadequate financing as some of the challenges of moving forward with climate change and health nex-

us. Speaking during a webinar by the USAID-funded Building Capacity for Integrated Family planning (FP) and Reproductive Health (RH) and Population, Environment and Development (PED) Action (BUILD) Project, Prof Brame Kone, the tech-

nical Officer in charge of Climate Change and Health at the Africa regional office of the World Health Organization (WHO/AFRO) in Congo Brazzaville said Africa still misses a political leadership to take the health agenda forward. The BUILD Project Webinar focused

on 'Prioritizing Health in Climate Change Action in Africa'. "A good example is the recently concluded African Climate Summit

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# Sudan leader warns war could spill over into neighbours

By: Margaret Kalekye  
xxxxxxxxxxxx

## Worth Noting:

- Sudan's civil war erupted in April when members of the RSF were deployed around the country in a move the army, led by Gen Burhan, saw as a threat.
- It is disputed who fired the first shot but the fighting swiftly escalated in different parts of the country. The fighting has killed at least 7,500 people according to NGO Acled and displaced millions.
- Addressing the UN he also alluded to the RSF's ties to Wagner, a Russian mercenary group who are operating across Africa in The Central African Republic, Sudan, Libya, Mozambique and Mali.
- "The danger of this war is now a threat to regional and international peace and security as those rebels have sought the support of outlaws and terrorist groups from different countries in the region and the world," he said.



Rapid Support Forces General Abdel Fattah al-Burhan

Sudan's leader has warned the United Nations his country's war could spill over into neighboring African nations. In a speech, General Abdel Fattah al-Burhan also urged the international community to designate his opponents, the Rapid Support Forces (RSF), a terrorist group. Meanwhile, RSF leader Hamdan Dagalo said he was prepared for a ceasefire. Since April, Sudan has been embroiled in a civil war that has killed thousands of people. Back in 2021, the two generals staged a coup, but in recent months a power struggle between them has

led to their men taking up arms against each other. Speaking to the UN on Thursday, Gen Burhan said his party was open to peace talks, and wanted to "put an end to this war and to alleviate the suffering of our people", but said the RSF refused. However, in a rare video message to the UN, his opponent, Gen Dagalo – also known as Hemedti – said he was ready to engage in talks. Sudan's civil war erupted in April when members of the RSF were deployed around the country in a move the army, led by Gen Burhan, saw as a threat. It is disputed who fired the first shot but the fighting

swiftly escalated in different parts of the country. The fighting has killed at least 7,500 people according to NGO Acled and displaced millions. Addressing the UN he also alluded to the RSF's ties to Wagner, a Russian mercenary group who are operating across Africa in The Central African Republic, Sudan, Libya, Mozambique and Mali. "The danger of this war is now a threat to regional and international peace and security as those rebels have sought the support of outlaws and terrorist groups from different countries in the region and the world," he said.

Gen Burhan also argued the RSF should be considered a terrorist group as they had "supported killing, burning, raping, forced displacement, looting, stealing, torture, trafficking of arms and drugs, bringing mercenaries or recruiting children". He said those crimes required accountability and punishment. However, Gen Burhan has also faced criticisms for military actions throughout the conflict. Upon his resignation in mid-September, the UN envoy to Sudan, Volker Perthes was fiercely critical of both generals who he said had chosen to plunge the country into a war.

Mr Perthes blamed the RSF for the sexual violence, looting and killings in areas it controls. He also condemned the Sudanese armed forces for indiscriminate aerial bombings. The RSF fighters are embedded in densely populated urban areas and the Sudanese military appears to view these areas as legitimate targets. Already, the US has imposed sanctions on RSF leaders including Gen Dagalo, but the West has also been strongly critical of Gen Burhan due to his role in displacing Sudan's leading party in a 2021 coup.

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## Crime

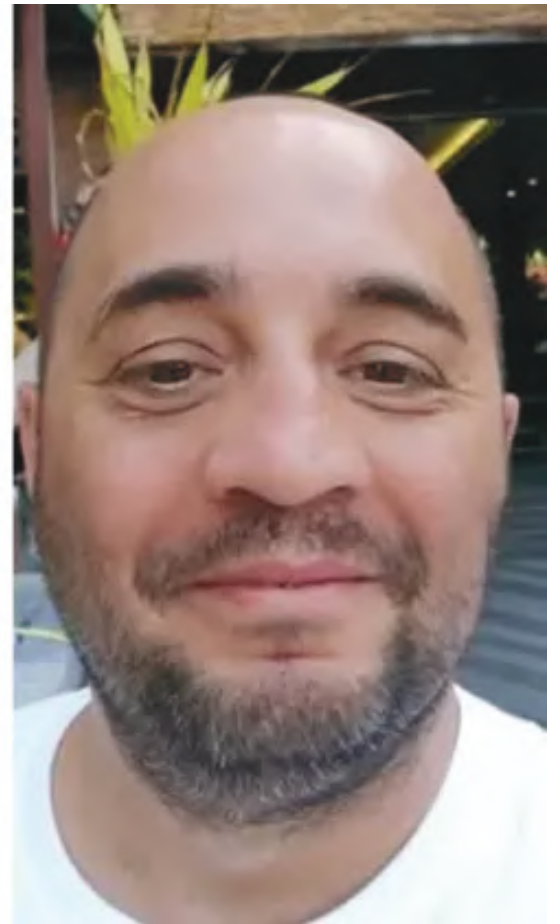
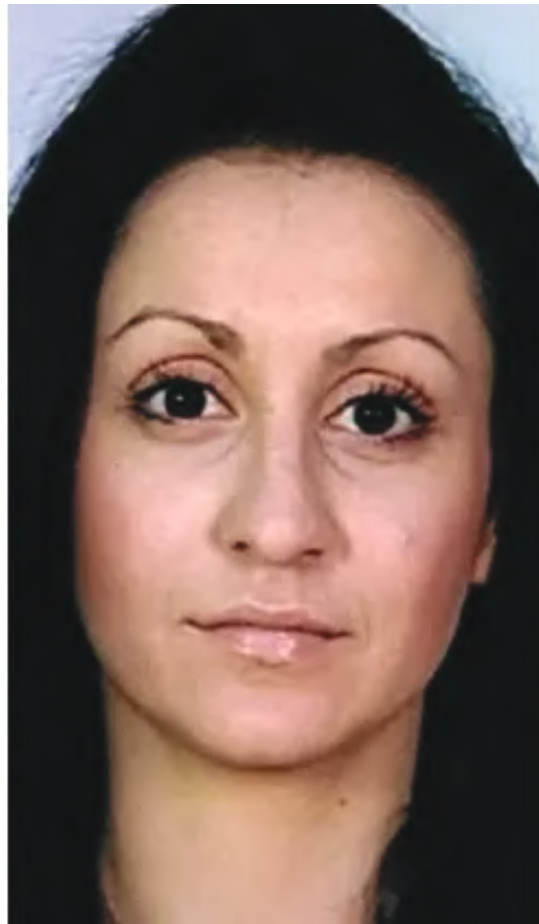
## Five to be charged in UK with spying for Russia

## Worth Noting:

Officers who searched properties in London and Norfolk occupied by three of the defendants – Mr Roussev, Mr Dzhambazov, 41, and Ms Ivanova, 31 – found allegedly fake passport and official identity documents for the UK, Bulgaria, France, Italy, Spain, Croatia, Slovenia, Greece, and the Czech Republic.

Some of the documents contained photographs of Mr Roussev and Mr Dzhambazov. It is alleged Mr Roussev made forgeries himself.

The group are also accused of organising a surveillance operation in Montenegro which involved the creation of fake identification cards for journalists, including one in the image of Ms Ivanova.



## BBC News

Five people suspected of spying for Russia are to be charged in the UK with conspiracy to conduct espionage.

Orlin Roussev, Bizer Dzhambazov, Katrin Ivanova, Ivan Stoyanov, and Vanya Gaberova will appear at Westminster Magistrates' Court on Tuesday.

The Bulgarian nationals are accused of conspiring to gather information which would be useful to an enemy between August 2020 and February 2023.

It follows an investigation by the Metropolitan Police.

The defendants are alleged to have worked in an op-

erational spy cell for the Russian security services and that this work involved conducting surveillance on targets.

They are accused of working on active operations in the UK and Europe and collecting and passing information to the Russian state.

Mr Roussev, 45, is alleged to have run operations from the UK and acted as the link to those who received the intelligence.

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for the UK, Bulgaria, France, Italy, Spain, Croatia, Slovenia, Greece, and the Czech Republic.

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Mr Roussev, Mr Dzhambazov, and Ms Ivanova have lived in the UK for years, working in a variety of jobs, and living in a series of suburban properties.

Mr Roussev has a history of business dealings in Russia. He moved to the UK in 2009 and spent three years working in a technical role in financial services.

His LinkedIn profile states he later owned a business involved in signals intelligence, which involves the interception of communications or electronic signals.

Mr Roussev, whose most recent address is a seaside guesthouse in Great Yarmouth, also states he once acted as an adviser to the Bulgarian ministry of energy.

In Harrow, former neighbours described Mr Dzhambazov and Ms Ivanova as a couple.

Mr Dzhambazov is described as a driver for hospitals and Ms Ivanova describes herself on her LinkedIn profile as a laboratory assistant for a private health business.

The pair, who moved to the UK around a decade ago, ran a community organisation providing services to Bulgarian people, including familiarising them with the "culture and norms of British society".

According to Bulgarian state documents online, they also worked for electoral commissions in London which facilitate voting in Bulgarian elections by citizens living abroad.

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# Attention To Child Education In Uzbekistan

By: Muhiddinova Gulmira

Our independent and free country, Uzbekistan, is getting well day by day. Every industry and every branch is under the government's attention and patronage. We can see this in the field of pre-school education, which is also a new and robust system.

According to the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PF-79 of May 26, 2023:

Priorities of the Ministry of Pre-school and School Education

The following are the priorities of the Ministry of Preschool and School Education:

a) development and implementation of a unified state policy in the field of preschool, general secondary and out-of-school education, ensuring a solid connection and continuity of educational and educational processes;

b) introduction of curriculum, program and educational-methodical complexes and modern pedagogical technologies developed on the basis of international requirements into the educational and educational process;

c) educating students and trainees in the spirit of universal human values, high spirituality, patriotism and humanitarianism, instilling the ideas of independence deeper into their hearts and minds,

and forming their immunity against foreign ideas;

d) to identify and select talented young people and create the necessary conditions for their comprehensive development, ensure the appropriate participation of students in international olympiads, contests and competitions in general education subjects

And many other priorities are a clear example of attention. I am grateful for changes and developments as a teacher with higher education for many years.

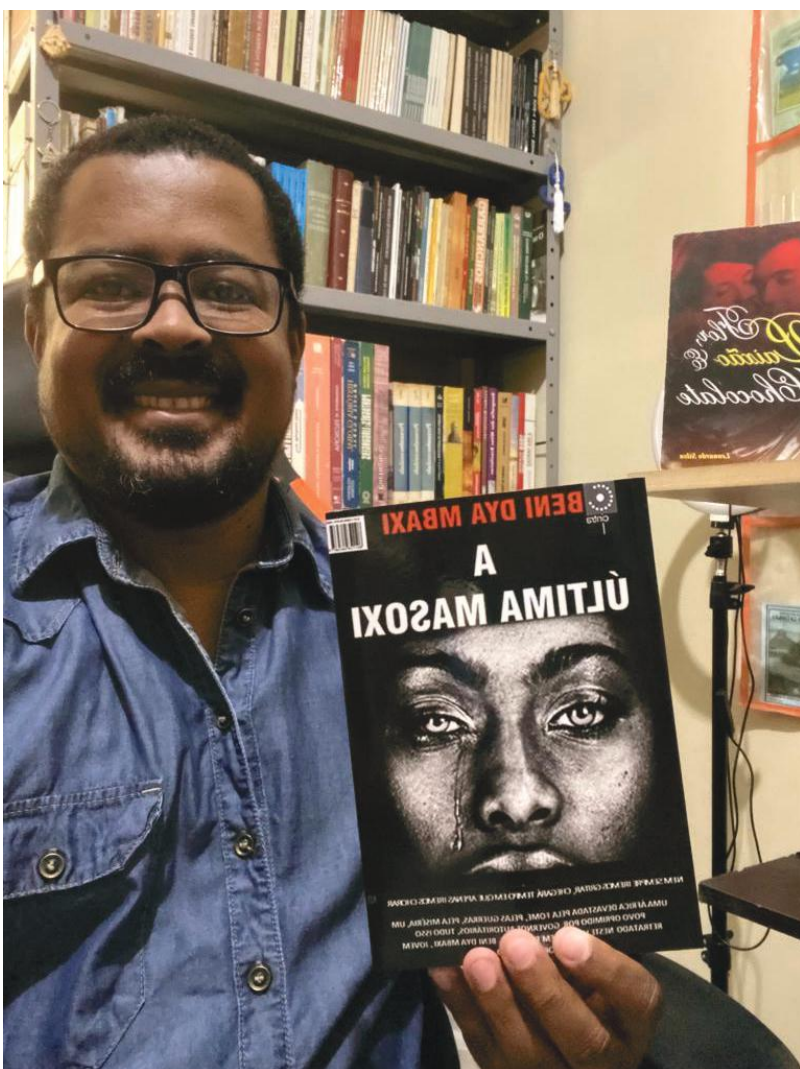
Muhiddinova Gulmira is an educator of the 31st State preschool education organization in Gijduvan district of Bukhara region. Skilled pedagogue and active citizen



Muhiddinova Gulmira

## Book

# Books 'A Última Masoxi e a A Menina da Burca' by Angolan writer Beni Dya Mbaxi arrive in Brazil under the seal of Editora Cintra



By: Paula O. M. Otukile

The works of the young Angolan writer Beni Dya Mbaxi are increasingly conquering the South American country, Brazil, with his literary works. In addition to the books being the subject of study in some schools in the land of Samba, they have now reached the reading public, in the month of September, through the approval of Editora Cintra. A publisher located in the state of São Paulo, the publisher welcomed the books of the young Angolan writer, author of seven

published books, holder of several awards. The publisher and the writer have a contract valid for five years.

Editora Cintra has a wealth of renowned writers in the Brazilian literary market, such as Ricardo Ramos Filho, grandson of the great Brazilian writer, Graciliano Ramos. Without forgetting, the great writer Pagú, who also has several books published by Editora Cintra. It is worth remembering that Beni Dya Mbaxi is a regular columnist for the international newspaper The Diaspora Times Global. Writer at Tabanka TV in London, England.

Ambassador of the "African Writers Round Table" Magazine of Zimbabwe. Columnist for the Brazilian blog "Pensamentos e Poesias", representative and columnist for the Revista Khuluma Afrika-Speak in South Africa. Participated in several international anthologies; Chronicles from Africa, from Zimbabwe, African Poetree, from South Africa, and "Sementes de Paz", from the international group of writers voices from the diaspora, from England. And highlighted by P.A.W.A "Pan African Writers Association."



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Uzbekistan

# My Country Uzbekistan Is On The Way To Development

By: Oringaliyeva Nurjayna  
Orazgaliyevna  
xxxxxxxxxxxx

## Worth Noting:

• I love my grandmother very much. She always tells me interesting, useful information, instructive stories from each other. Today after dinner I went to my room. My grandmother came to my room and told me a very interesting story: Many years ago, Jane and Ann studied in the same class. Jane is very rich, she wears different clothes every day, her father was a businessman.

• Now Jane had nothing left but one piece of clothing. At that moment, Jane was very sorry for laughing at her friend Ann while studying at school. The next day, when Jane was looking for work on the street, a beautiful girl who looked like Ann walked out in front of him. Jane: "Isn't this Ann?" When she was hesitating, the student coming out of the school said: "Hello, teacher Ann". Jane immediately ran and introduced herself to her.



In recent years, our motherland, Uzbekistan, has undergone great changes in every field. Starting from our beautiful city of Nukus, wide paved streets, beautiful, modern houses, buildings, kindergartens and schools are being built in the remotest villages of our republic. In order to add joy to the joy of village children and spend their free time meaningfully, sports fields were built. Libraries have taken place in a special way for book-loving students. I study in the 11th Russian class of the 37th general education school in our capital. Nowadays, many opportunities have been created for us, the youth. Our President put forward five initiatives to support the youth. My little brother Atabek participates in wrestling at the Children's sports complex in Karaozak district, and in athletics in Hurliman. They always rave about the conditions here. So, our heavenly country is developing day by day. Our neighbors and friends are representatives of different nationalities. We live peacefully with them. If we all serve as one force in the development of our

country, we will definitely move forward. Therefore, I will contribute to the comprehensive development of our motherland by studying well. Come, friends, let's all unite and serve our Motherland!

### Knowledge brings happiness

I love my grandmother very much. She always tells me interesting, useful information, instructive stories from each other. Today after dinner I went to my room. My grandmother came to my room and told me a very interesting story: Many years ago, Jane and Ann studied in the same class. Jane is very rich, she wears different clothes every day, her father was a businessman. Although Ann has no clothes to wear except her school uniform, she actively participates in classes and gets excellent grades. Jane always laughed at Ann and gossiped about her, hated to study, even though her teachers reprimanded her, she never studied. Years have passed. They graduated from school and never saw or talked to each other.



Oringaliyeva Nurjayna Orazgaliyevna

Meanwhile, Jane's parents left this bright world due to an accident. Jane did not study anywhere, she married a businessman. As for Ann, she was lucky enough to graduate with a gold medal and become a student without exams. Jane's husband got into trouble and ended up selling everything in his house. Now Jane had nothing left but one piece of clothing. At that moment, Jane was very sorry for laughing at her friend Ann while studying at school. The next day, when Jane was looking for work on the street, a beautiful girl who looked like Ann walked out in front of him. Jane: "Isn't this Ann?" When she was hesitating, the student coming out of the school said: "Hello, teacher Ann". Jane immediately ran and introduced herself to her. At first, Ann did not recognize Jane, because Jane was wearing expensive clothes, and her face had no wrinkles. Ann told the events that happened to Jane and asked her friend for forgiveness for all the bad things she did to her, for gossiping and laughing at her. I learned from this story told by my

grandmother. Laughing at someone, gossiping is a very bad habit. Because this is another world...

### Элмира Шамшетова:

**Oringaliyeva Nurjayna Orazgaliyevna** was born on November 11, 2006 in Nukus, Republic of Karakalpakstan. Currently, she is an 11th grade Russian student of school 37 in Nukus. Author of the book "Maktabim-fakhrim". The winner of the school, city and republic stages of the Uzbek language Olympiad. Winner of the 1st place in the contest "Young Reader" held by the Ministry of Public Education of Uzbekistan and the Federation of Trade Unions of Uzbekistan. She won the 1st place in the school, city and republic stages of essay contests. "Words in the heart" and "World of new talents" were published in English by "Just Fiction Edition" publishing house in the European city of Moldova, "Çiçekler" was published in Turkish, "Flowers from the bud" were published in Uzbek, and "From the Diary of Daisies" and the international anthologies "Mir glazami jenshchiny" published

by the Russian Federation "Slovo serdtsa" publishing house. The articles, poems and stories of the young artist are published in the republican "Jetkinshek", "Korakalpakistan Tong", "Ezgulik", "Bekajon" newspapers and "Uzbekistanda Talim" magazine. Member of the international organizations "All India Council for Technical Skill Development" and "National Human Rights and Humanitarian Federation" of India. She was awarded the "Altin Qiran" medal of the "Double Wing" Foundation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the "Talent" commemorative badge for her cooperation with the "Education in Uzbekistan" magazine and her talent and achievements in the field of artistic creativity. Today, as a member of the "Khalk donoligi" folklore club under the Writers' Union of Karakalpakstan, and the "Young Artists" circle under the Union and the "Amudaryya" magazine, she actively participates in public and propaganda work.

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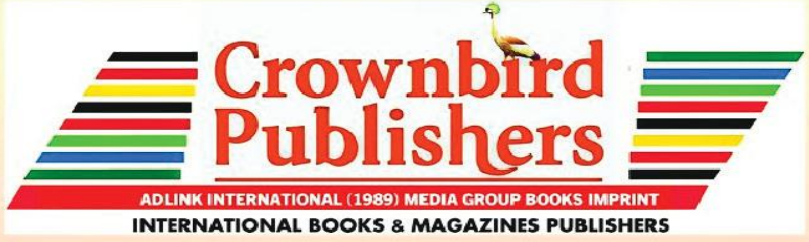
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Black Women

# Black Women Did Not Own Their Bodies: Reproduction History and the Black Women



By: Daseta Gray  
MA, Certified Infant/Toddler Specialist

Contd from Page 1



The Slave Trade

Shengold,” in soul murder the victim’s identity, including the sexual identity, is lost “. Many of these young black bodies owned by the state suffered cumulative trauma and as a result the body has no protective shield. Many of the black bodies were forced to experience mal-attunement to their emotional pain and as a result they were forced to dissociate from their emotion. The state functioned as an abusive parent where the child has no recourse because you own the child. Rape was legal as the black body was owned by the state and the white man was allowed to maintain the “illusion of white virtue by disguising the violent behavior of white men,” according to Rachel A. Feinstien.

Many young black women would have miscarriages due to the hard work and stress that their bodies endured. The owners of their bodies made sure to secure their investments by having an insurance policy. Daina R. Berry gave us an insight into the mindset of the enslavers: the ages between 11 years and 22 years. “Ann an enslaved 17 year old was valued at owned by John Murray was valued at \$2, 600 he paid \$71. 50 per year to the Southern mutual Life Insurance Company, they only insured property. The enslaver profited from black bodies in life and in death. The younger you are the higher value is placed on you.

The black body on the auction block was also valued based on the shade of the skin as a result from rape or breeding on one of the farms. These farms further dehumanized the black woman as a person although in the eyes of the enslaver she was not human. Many black women who resisted the sexual violence on their body could be killed. Here is an example that is shared by Gregory D. Smithers (2012)”after resisting one of Dr. Flint’s unwanted sexual advances, Jacob was met with such a threat “I have a mind to kill you on the spot, “ Dr. Flint uttered. Black women also suffered sexual violence from the white overseers and the traders.

Contd Page 11.

## Worth Noting:

- The discussion regarding abortion rights and women have not always included black women. Once the Black woman was kidnapped and trafficked her rights to reproduction was taken away.
- Europeans both male and female had power over the black body that was entrusted to them by the laws. They did as they pleased with their property” Black Bodies.
- Many young black women would have miscarriages due to the hard work and stress that their bodies endured. The owners of their bodies made sure to secure their investments by having an insurance policy.
- The black body on the auction block was also valued based on the shade of the skin as a result from rape or breeding on one of the farms.

when the court decided in the Dobbs decision that the “constitution does not have the right for abortion”. There are several discussions as to the impact and which group it may impact the most. Some say that it will impact people of color the most as a group. The statement is questionable. I will explore the history of Black women in the Americas and the right to have control over their bodies.

In this article I define abortion. I will discuss how many Black mothers were forced to perform abortions because they were dehumanized, traumatized and as a result many became dissociated. When abortion became available minorities were targeted and how Black women have been struggling to have the right to own their body.

The dictionary gave the following definitions for abortion

- **MEDICINE**  
the expulsion of a fetus from the uterus by natural causes before it is able to survive independently.
- **BIOLOGY**  
the arrest of the development of an organ, typically a seed or fruit.
- the deliberate termination of a human pregnancy, most often performed during the first 28 weeks of pregnancy:  
The word abortion has been around since 1540 and the

meaning has remained the same: “explosion of a fetus “or abortion is a Latin word for death in the etymology dictionary.

When did we begin using abortion as a means of keeping wealth by lessening the number of children that we had? During enslavement European women had control over their bodies however; the ownership of the Enslave woman’s body was in control of the white woman and the white man. She was their property. Many enslaved women resisted this type of body control by resisting reproduction through different means, avoiding sexual violence from their masters; some women terminated their pregnancy by using their knowledge of herbs to induce the termination of their pregnancy. The Black woman was forced to forced to produce children for the enslaver. The more children the enslaved people had the more prophets the enslavers made, they would sell the children, hire them out and girls by age 14 would begin reproducing children.

### Reproduction History and the Black Women

The discussion regarding abortion rights and women have not always included black women. Once the Black woman was kidnapped and trafficked her

rights to reproduction was taken away. She was raped while waiting to be transported and the ones who survived the horrendous trip. Upon entering the ship the black women loss ownership of her body and all rights to her reproduction. The enslavers decided when she would be produce and the amount that she would produce. Many enslavers created breeding farms and decided who the Black woman would bang her and when. The enslaver would have his turn with her as he pleased. When the enslaved women got pregnant through the rape of the enslaver she was forced to carry the baby to have the baby. Many women use herbs to induce termination of the pregnancy but if the enslaver is aware she would be severely punished even with death. Denying Black women the right to own their bodies was also embedded in the constitution. According to (Roberts Dorothy, 1997);” in the constitution’s 14th Amendment antislavery division. Black mothers are denied autonomy over procreative decisions because of their race”. Based on this statement the Black mother has always been de-personalized and instead treated as property. The discussion of reproduction has always been unequal for the black woman who had not ownership of her person be-

cause he was property.

### The Law Is On Their Side

Europeans both male and female had power over the black body that was entrusted to them by the laws. They did as they pleased with their property” Black Bodies. For example In 1662, the Virginia legislature passed a statute stating that “all children born in this country shall be held bond or free only according to the condition of the mother. It also states that if a christian should engage in sexual activity with the enslaved they will be fined double. (Rachel A. Finsten, 2019)”. Sexual violence was placed on the bodies of the Black women with the backing of the law. The children from this violence were not free and were treated just like the enslaved. Many young children were the subject of rape. Here is one example that is shared by Rachel A. Feinstein, In 1850, Robert Newsom purchased a young girl about 14years old, he was 60 years old at the time. He raped her on his way home this continued for the next 5years. One night she resisted by defended herself with a fatal blow to him. She was tried and an all with male jury sentenced her to hang. Judge Hall heard the case in 1855 she was handed that year. The state practiced soul murder according to

## Black Women

# Black Women Did Not Own Their Bodies: Reproduction History and the Black Women



By: Daseta Gray  
MA, Certified Infant/Toddler Specialist

Contd from Page 10

## Worth Noting:

- The enslavers decided when she would be produce and the amount that she would produce. Many enslavers created breeding farms and decided who the Black woman would bang her and when.
- The enslaver would have his turn with her as he pleased. When the enslaved women got pregnant through the rape of the enslaver she was forced to carry the baby to have the baby. Many women use herbs to induce termination of the pregnancy but if the enslaver is aware she would be severely punished even with death.
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Richmond, Virginia - The Transatlantic Slave Trade

The state and the constitution gave Flit and all the white people power to own the bodies of black women. Reproduction was never a choice of theirs because they did not own themselves. The babies would be sold with the mother which was profitable.

I can't imagine growing a child that is the product of sexual violence and you have no choice. If abortion was attempted and the perpetrator is made aware you could face serious consequences for messing with his profit. White women were in support of this violence.

Fancy Maid Markets this is where the light skinned enslaved women would be sold and made into prostitutes by the white men who bought them. Many white women blamed black women for their husband's sexual violence so become a victim twice. For example, this husband bought a young girl for his personal use and when his wife found out she ordered a whipping for the girl. Other wives would sell the children of the enslaved and then sell the mother. Many white women also murdered the children that their husbands produce from raping the enslaved. Some wives choose to get a divorce from their husbands while still blaming the Black

woman.

Many white women owned black bodies of their own. Many inherited them when they were infants; others got them from their family declaration of intention, while others were gifted to brides to be. Black bodies were also given in order to settle debts. Some white women also owned black people. Black women and girls had no rights over their bodies. Many black women did use abortion during slavery as a means of resistance; many were also forced to practice infanticide to prevent their baby from growing up into slavery. Many had knowledge from their African roots. Once slavery was abolished abortion was available and black women became targets for abortion. Having children was no longer profitable for the state.

### Eugenics

The idea of sterilizing humans was thought about by Francis Galton; he is a cousin to Darwin. Racism was one of the major reasons for this idea. Francis wanted to create the "perfect white race," his ideas are in his book entitled Hereditary Genius published in 1869. As usual these racist targets people of color. Marget Sanger brought that idea of

"Eugenics to America and created the Negro Project. Between 1933 and 1974 an estimated 100, 00 and 150, 000 Black women took part in the program many were coerced, others were offered incentives. Many women participated off the record also.

Sanger's major goal was to erase black people from America. She opened the first plan parenthood clinic in 1916 In Brownsville Brooklyn.

In a letter to Clarence Gable in 1939, Sanger wrote: "We do not want word to go out that we want to exterminate the Negro population, and the minister is the man who can straighten out that idea if it ever occurs to any of their more rebellious members." The states, the former enslavers found a friend in Sanger and the Eugenics movement. Many influential people supported this movement.

Eugenics is still working in the underserved communities based on this report. The CDC abortion statistics by race/ethnicity show that out of all women who had abortions in 2019 (latest data), 38.4% were Black, 33.4% White, 21% Hispanic, and 7.2% of other races and Trauma and the Black woman

Having your lot was prof-

itable for the enslavers as many former enslaved people recalled. Here is an example from Gregory D. Smither. (2012). "Mr. Brown recalls that "master did not mind slaves mating but they wanted their Niggers to marry amongst them on their place". Mr. Adams remembered that his parents lived on separate plantations because his master would not part with his mother because she was a good "breeder" she gave birth to one boy and 16 girls. The black woman had no choice about reproduction because she did not own her body. After slavery was abolished these evil enslavers created a breeding industry for Black bodies and also a new market for the light skinned black children.

The abortion discussion has an impact on the Black community because it was introduced by Margrate Sanger and was welcomed as the best solution to reduce the Black population. One of the big discussion among members of the colonization movement was can freeblacks live with Europeans after enslavement? Members like James Monroe and Andrew Jackson were among the members who thought the best solution was to send these bodies back to Africa.

The American colonization started to look for land in Africa to create a colony in 1816. This was 50 years before the enslaved would be free. Just to remind you that some Blacks were living free while others were living as enslaved bodies. The colonization movement got some land in 1821, to establish a town at Cape Mesurado. President Lincoln also believed that blacks and whites would not be able to live equally. He supported this movement also. With funding from congress the first group of freed bodies left from New York On February 6, 1820, for Liberia. These were only the Blacks that were living free. The majority of Blacks were still living as property and brutality. When the emancipation proclamation was signed in 1863. Many racist have been thinking about ways to exterminate Black bodies since they could no longer treat them as property. Labor was not free as before and black women having out their "lot" was no longer profitable for the state.

Marget Sanger brought that idea of "Eugenics to America and created the Negro Project. Many welcomed this project because they saw it as a means of killing black babies before they born. Many abortion clinics are concentrated in poor communities. The CDC abortion statistics by race/ethnicity shows that out of all women who had abortions in 2019 (latest data), 38.4% were Black, 33.4% White, 21% Hispanic, and 7.2% of other races. Blacks are only 11% of the population. The abortion rate is very high for black women 23,209 abortions were committed on Black women out of a total of 59,854 reported abortions in NYC in 2016.

on June 24th, 2022 when the court decided in the Dobbs decision that the "constitution does not have the right for abortion". I do not feel that this decision speaks to the Black woman because when we look at the statistics about ions are being performed at the highest rate than other groups. Our children are still being targeted. Since the emancipation the question that was then is still now? How can we get rid of these bodies and many latches on to Margrate Sangers negro project.

Venezuela

# Venezuela takes back gang-run jail with own pool and zoo

## Worth Noting:

- Inmates could place bets on horse races, arrange loans at a makeshift bank and dance the night away at a nightclub dubbed "Tokio".
- When food and everyday items were hard to come by in Venezuela at the height of the country's economic crisis, one newspaper reported that locals would go to Tocarón to buy the essentials they could not get anywhere else.
- AFP journal said that they saw security guards carrying motorcycles, televisions and microwaves from the jail as its inmates were moved.
- Ronna Rísquez, author of the book *Tren de Aragua: The gang that revolutionised organised crime in Latin America* told BBC Mundo's Valentina Oropeza that Tocarón functioned "like a little city".
- The author also warned that the clearing of the prison did not automatically constitute the end of the gang.



## Facilities inside Tocarón prison



Source: Runrun.es

BBC

Venezuela says it has regained control of a notorious jail, which had been under the control of the powerful Tren de Aragua criminal gang. Some 11,000 security personnel were deployed to Tocarón prison, which had been run by inmates for years. Prisoners were able to roam freely inside the penitentiary,

which had hotel-like facilities including a pool, nightclub and a mini zoo. The interior minister said that the jail would be completely cleared. Tocarón not only held convicted criminals but also some of their partners and relatives, who moved into the penitentiary to be near their loved ones. One woman, Gladys Hernández, told AFP news agency that she was waiting to hear where they were tak-

ing her husband. "I was living in there, but they kicked us out," she said. The jail doubled up as the headquarters of the Tren de Aragua, Venezuela's most powerful transnational gang. From the jail, Tren de Aragua ruled a criminal enterprise spanning several Latin American countries and reaching as far as Chile. Its members engage in human trafficking, run prostitution rings and extort mi-

grants.

The gang fitted the prison out with all kinds of facilities, such as games rooms and a small zoo complete with flamingos and an ostrich.

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Ronna Rísquez, author of the book *Tren de Aragua: The gang that revolutionised organised crime in Latin America* told BBC Mundo's Valentina Oropeza that Tocarón functioned "like a little city".

The author also warned that the clearing of the prison did not automatically constitute the end of the gang. "Their centre of operations has been closed down, but the leaders of this organisation and its cells abroad can continue functioning," she said.

Officials gave little detail as to how they stormed the prison. The army said that there had been one casualty, a major who had died after hitting his head on the door

of an armoured car.

The fact that such a large operation at a jail full of members of Venezuela's most feared criminal gang should have proceeded so peacefully has led to speculation that the authorities may have negotiated with the Tren de Aragua.

In a statement, the government of President Nicolás Maduro congratulated the security forces on "re-establishing order" at the prison and praised them for the "clean and quick actions".

However, a later statement announced that a "second phase" of the operation had been launched, which the government said consisted in "capturing all and every one of the escaped criminals".

Some local media have reported that the leader of the Tren de Aragua gang, Héctor Guerrero Flores, may be among those who absconded, but the government has not named any of the escapees.

Guerrero Flores was serving a 17-year sentence inside the prison for murder and drug trafficking.

However, he was so powerful that he reportedly used to come and go freely from the prison before becoming a full-time inmate, according to Carlos Nieto, a co-ordinator with prison rights group A Window to Freedom.

## Education

## Who Is The Teacher?



By: Otayeva Dinora Urinboy  
xxxxxxxxxxxx



Teacher in Uzbekistan

## Worth Noting:

• After all, unlike animals, we have been given the gift of mind and thinking. “Who am I?”, “Why did I come to life?”, “Do I have a purpose to live?”, “Who stood shoulder to shoulder with me when I reached my current level.” Have I not been unfair to them? We need to ask questions like this and weigh our minds.

• Hazrat Ali, who lived a few years ago, said, “I am the slave of the one who taught me alif, if he wants, let him handcuff me for life”, or the leader of our country said, “If the greatest building in the world is a school, then the most honorable profession is teaching and coaching.” “I will not respect the one who does not respect the teacher” also means that each of us should put respect and honor towards these people on the highest level.

How many times in our lives do we know something about the owners and owners of this respectable soul? Their place? Why do we equate him with father by saying “Teacher is as great as your father”? In general, we have rich imaginations about the Master?

It is said that one day Alexander was asked, “Why do you respect Aristotle more than your father?” and he answered like this. “Allegedly, my father brought me down from heaven to earth. But my teacher Aristotle raised me from earth to heaven. That is, my father caused me to come into the world, my teacher taught me knowledge and manners, and increased my rank and honor. was the reason” he said. So, Ustoz is such an honorable name that we should deeply study the essence of this word and put the honor of the devotees of the honorable profession in its place.

When a mother gives birth to a child, she certainly wants him to be a child who will serve the country in the future. For this reason, he gives him to the teacher as an apprentice. It is not for nothing that the word pedagogue means “the one who leads the child on the way”. The teacher treats his

student like his own child, maybe even more, and gives him practical help to reach maturity. Like our mothers, Utoz is one of our scumbags who stay in the background when we achieve something. Because when we achieve success, we can be proud that we achieved everything by ourselves, by our own strength, labor, and potential.

What about actually? Here, too, our invisible elixir, our humble teacher, shows us the smooth path to our goal. For us, it connects the day to the night. Sometimes we have “stardom” disease. If we move a little step ahead of others, we immediately do not take into account the people around us and do not know what to do. Apparently, the surrounding people are no match for a pistachio pod. At that time, we need to concentrate and think.

After all, unlike animals, we have been given the gift of mind and thinking. “Who am I?”, “Why did I come to life?”, “Do I have a purpose to live?”, “Who stood shoulder to shoulder with me when I reached my current level.” Have I not been unfair to them? We need to ask questions like this and weigh our minds.

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slave of the one who taught me alif, if he wants, let him handcuff me for life”, or the leader of our country said, “If the greatest building in the world is a school, then the most honorable profession is teaching and coaching.” “I will not respect the one who does not respect the teacher” also means that each of us should put respect and honor towards these people on the highest level.

When the child learns to walk upright, there should be someone to support him. Otherwise, it is inevitable that he will lose his balance. And when he grows up, he needs a spiritual guide to distinguish between black and white, good from bad. It is with such a person that one learns to know that life is not smooth, that not everything that comes to one’s heart is wise, that one must bravely stand up against trials and overcome them, not to look at someone’s property, not to be arrogant, not to distinguish people based on their clothes and position, and to follow it. can be learned. I can tell you that such a person is not a human but an angel. Because they brought me out of a dark corner of a dark basement into a bright world and taught me to enjoy the blessings of life, to

be grateful for every created blessing, and to be patient. Do you believe they can understand me better than me. I don’t call them my second mother for nothing. They are not limited to education. In education, they also provide education in an organic way. How many people will be burned because of me. If something good happens, they don’t get attached to me. If they see a flaw in me, they try to fix it. My biggest problem was that I mixed dialect in my speech when I participated in official competitions. I have not heard many reprimands about this. This human knowledge is very contagious, like a corona virus.

When you sit in a class, whether you like it or not, your body becomes your ears and you can’t help but listen. The quality of demandingness, which is rare in some teachers, is much more than that in this teacher. If a task is given, if it is not done on time, punishment is inevitable. They immediately notice any change in anyone and immediately put it in a mold. Even those who told me several times, “learn to be thankful, never feed anyone with malicious intent, do not live to get along with someone or surpass them in the life that

God has created everyone with their own risk, this life belongs to you.” “You are not your enemy, you are your own enemy, fight against your ego.” And I have tested their patience by sometimes following their words and sometimes forgetting them. My dear teacher Nilufar, thank you for your presence in this life, for coming into my life two years ago and helping me in every way. I have never been as close to a teacher as you in a short period of time. You opened the lock of my heart with your secret key with your style and direction, thank you very much. And again, I want to say thank you so much for accompanying me with good people. An example of this is sister Shahrizada. I don’t know how I would be now if you had said that it would definitely help to contact them. My teacher Nilufar, I congratulate you on your upcoming birthday. Always be happy

In conclusion, I can say that when a person finds a good spiritual guide, he can achieve his dreams without any difficulty. For instance, it is necessary that he pleases his teacher and that his heart is not poisoned by various vices.

## Climate

# Integration of health in climate change action needs political leadership, experts say

By:.....  
xxxxxxxxxxxx

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Contd from Page 1

## Worth Noting:

- “Mainstreaming climate action in national health policy frameworks, combined with political goodwill, innovative financing, research, and innovations, will be key to enhancing the resilience of Africa’s public health systems amid disruptions linked to extreme weather events.

- This is the reason why, according to Prof Kone, the loss and damage fund at Conference of Parties (COP28) needs to be more agile and flexible to address climate change adaptation emergencies.

- However, Leah Aoko from African Research Impact Network (ARIN), the Nairobi Declaration badly reflects on the African Heads of State and Government who continues to have health as a low priority area despite linkage with the climate crisis.



Dr Bernard Onyango, Senior Research and Policy Analyst at AFIDEP and the Population, Environment, and Development (PED) Director of the USAID-funded BUILD Project moderating a side event at the recently held first Africa Climate Summit in Nairobi on September 7, 2023. He also moderated the Webinar series on Tuesday September 19 that brought experts in health discussing the sector’s integration in climate change action and discourses.

(ACS) whose Nairobi Declaration had a very weak commitment on matters of climate change and health nexus,” said Kone.

“Climate crisis is first and foremost a health crisis and this needs to be understood and funds need to be made available to tackle this challenge,” adds Kone.

Noting the emergence of lethal strains of disease-causing pathogens amid shifts in climate patterns, Kone said African governments should intensify climate action at the community level to minimize deaths and pressure on health facilities. “Mainstreaming climate action in national health policy frameworks, combined with political goodwill, innovative financing, research, and innovations, will be key to enhancing the resilience of Africa’s public health systems amid disruptions linked to extreme weather events.

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at Conference of Parties (COP28) needs to be more agile and flexible to address climate change adaptation emergencies.

However, Leah Aoko from African Research Impact Network (ARIN), the Nairobi Declaration badly reflects on the African Heads of State and Government who continues to have health as a low priority area despite linkage with the climate crisis.

“Our preliminary analysis of the Nairobi Declaration coming out from the first African Climate Summit held from 4-6 September in Kenya’s capital city, show that Africa has an opportunity to strengthen the health systems to make them resilient to the impacts of climate change, taking cognisance of the devastating effects of floods in Libya,” she said.

In addition, Prof Kone said the continent still lacks scientific evidence to support advocacy efforts towards integrating health in climate change discourses and ac-

tion.

“We still have weak knowledge on scientific evidence in tackling climate change and health nexus in the African region, a lot of things are known but we still need to build more strong and relevant scientific evidence and use them for adaptation,” said Kone.

He said much has been done on climate change alone; carbon sequestration, mitigation and others, but when it comes to adaptation and the need to build the nexus between health and climate change, much still needs to be done.

According to Melvine Otieno, founder of Planetary Health Eastern Africa Hub and Lecturer at the University of Eldoret, Western Kenya, there is a great opportunity for the communities to be able to understand the linkages of the prevailing climate change impacts and the health systems because from one or two interviews conducted at community level, it was observed that

there is inadequate understanding of how climate change and health interplays and the meaningful interventions that need to be put in place.

Otieno added that the vulnerable communities only understand that when flooding happens, displacement is the only effect of climate change but are oblivious of such effects as diseases that come along with flooding and malnutrition when there are prolonged droughts.

According to studies by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), the Africa region contributes to a relatively small percentage of global gas emissions compared to other regions like Asia, Europe and North America.

The IPCC says Africa accounts for approximately 4 percent of global carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions from fossil fuel combustion and industrial processes.

The moderator of the Webinar, Dr Bernard Onyango,

Senior Research and Policy Analyst and BUILD Project PED Director, African Institute for Development Policy (AFIDEP) said the BUILD Project brings together southern leadership and organizations from Africa, Asia, and the USA that, together, have proven technical expertise in promoting cross-sectoral interventions in Population-Environment-Development (PED) and in advocating for voluntary family planning (FP) and capacity strengthening. He said the consortium partners in the BUILD Project include United States Agency for International Development (USAID), the African Institute for Development Policy (AFIDEP), Leadership for Environment and Development Southern and Eastern Africa (LEAD SEA), PATH Foundation Philippines Inc (PFPI), FHI360, and the Pan-African Climate Justice Alliance (PACJA).

UN

# 'Reform or rupture' says Guterres, calling for multilateralism to be remade for the 21st century



Photo/Cia Pak Secretary-General António Guterres addresses the opening of the general debate of the UN General Assembly's 78th session.

## Worth Noting:

- Presenting his annual report on the work of the Organization, the Secretary-General stressed the need for a modernizing the multilateral system to address contemporary issues.
- He pointed out that while the world has evolved, international institutions have not kept pace, potentially making them part of the problem rather than the solution.
- He made it clear that there is no alternative to reform, stating "it's reform or rupture."
- He reminded world leaders of the opening words of the UN Charter, emphasizing the pledge to "end the scourge of war".
- "When countries break those pledges, they create a world of insecurity for everyone," he said, stressing that Russia's invasion of Ukraine has serious implications for everyone worldwide.

By: **Christine Muchira**

Secretary-General António Guterres on Tuesday warned the world is "becoming unhinged" and underscored the United Nations' *raison d'être*, to resolve global crises during times of "maximum danger and minimum agreement." Guterres highlighted UN's successful effort in preventing an environmental catastrophe in the Red Sea as testament to its determination and effectiveness. "When no one else could or would, UN determination got the job done," he said. He emphasized that despite the numerous global challenges, the same spirit of determination can guide the world forward, urging leaders to remain committed to unity, peace, human rights, and sustainable development for all.

"Let us be determined to ... come together for the common good."

### It's reform or rupture

Presenting his annual report on the work of the Organization, the Secretary-General stressed the need for a modernizing the multilateral system to address contemporary issues. He pointed out that while the world has evolved, international institutions have not kept pace, potentially making them part of the problem rather than the solution. He made it clear that there is no alternative to reform, stating "it's reform or rupture." He reminded world leaders of the opening words of the UN Charter, emphasizing the pledge to "end the scourge of war".

"When countries break those pledges, they create a world of insecurity for everyone," he said, stressing that Russia's invasion of Ukraine has serious implications for everyone worldwide. "We must not relent in working for peace – a just peace in line with the UN Charter and international law. And even while fighting rages, we must pursue every avenue to ease the suffering of civilians in Ukraine and beyond," he added. The UN chief also drew attention to the human suffering and natural disasters worldwide, from Sudan to Haiti, and from Afghanistan to Myanmar. "Needs are rising and funding is drying up. Our humanitarian operations are being forced to make massive cuts," he said, urging

countries to step up funding for the UN Global Humanitarian Appeal.

### Foster equality

Guterres reiterated the UN Charter's call for promoting social progress, connecting it with the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and addressing the issue of global inequality. Africa's allocation of more funds for debt interest than healthcare exemplified this inequity, he stressed, stressing the need for immediate steps to advancing the SDG stimulus package of \$500 billion annually and alleviating financial burdens on developing and emerging economies. The UN chief further emphasized the urgency of addressing the climate chaos, which is breaking new re-

ords, "but we cannot afford the same old broken record of scapegoating and waiting for others to move first." He recalled the Climate Solidarity Pact, with large emitters leading emission reductions and wealthier nations supporting emerging economies. Guterres also outlined key immediate steps, including ending fossil fuel subsidies, carbon pricing, and countries fulfilling climate financing promises. "And to all those working, marching and championing real climate action, I want you to know: You are on the right side of history. I'm with you. I won't give up this fight of our lives," he said.

## African leaders

# African leaders take bold stand for sustainable development at UN Assembly



UN Photo/Rick Bajornas A view of the flags outside the General Assembly building during the general debate

By: **Christine Muchira**

Addressing the UN General Assembly on Wednesday, leaders from African nations voiced their commitment to achieving sustainable development and called for a more equitable and prosperous world.

A recurring theme in speeches delivered by the Presidents of Seychelles, Namibia, Ghana, Angola, Sierra Leone and Liberia was the urgent need to rebuild trust and rekindle global solidarity in the face of complex changes.

They expressed unwavering support for the 2030 Agenda and its Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), emphasizing that the current trajectory falls short of ambitions, further exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic.

In their addresses, leaders also highlighted the need for reform of the Security Council to make that 15-member body more representative and effective.

**Accelerate joint efforts**

President Wavel Ramkalawan of the Seychelles emphasized that the inter-

national community must accelerate joint efforts to make transformative advancements on the SDGs.

“We must prioritize SDG implementation at all levels,” he said, noting the need to align national policies and strategies with the objectives of the 2030 Agenda, while strengthening partnerships with all stakeholders.

He called on development partners to deliver on their Addis Ababa Action Agenda promises on development finance and on international financial institutions to “embrace reform” and ensure that the unique needs of vulnerable countries are considered in access to development financing.

Reiterated that addressing the climate crisis “is no longer optional – it is an immediate necessity,” President Ramkalawan expressed Seychelles’ commitment to renewable energy and energy efficiency.

**Transition to green energy**

In his address, President Hage G. Geingob of Namibia highlighted his country’s efforts in transitioning to green energy, emphasizing its green hydrogen proj-

ects and their potential to decarbonize hard-to-abate sectors.

He noted Namibia’s plans to develop green shipping corridors in partnership with other key stakeholders, aiming to create carbon-neutral maritime value chains for clean fuel and products.

President Geingob also noted the impacts of COVID-19 and its lingering aftermath, that pushed many across the world into extreme poverty, as well as worsening inequalities.

“The terrifying gap between the wealthy and the marginalized is not just a moral concern, but also a threat to global stability and harmony,” he said, urging efforts from all countries to create an environment where prosperity is shared and is inclusive.

**Things are not right**

Nana Addo Dankwa Akufo-Addo, the President of Ghana, said that the theme of the General Assembly session, rebuilding trust and reigniting global solidarity, “is an acknowledgement that things are not what they ought to be in our world.”

“The mutual trust among nations that is required to ensure harmony has considerably diminished,” he said. The Ghanaian President highlighted that his country firmly believes that the United Nations is the best means for the world community to address the multifaceted challenges they face.

But the Organization can only function effectively and deliver on expectations, when its fundamental pillars are reformed, “anything short of that will continue to undermine its credibility,” he said.

**Institutions need reform**

President João Lourenço of Angola also highlighted the need for the United Nations to strengthen its role and its capacities to formulate the most appropriate responses and thus be able to face the many challenges.

“It is essential that we do everything in our power to continuously promote respect for and observance of the values set out in the UN Charter and international law, so that we can correct the dangerous trajectory that the world took after the fall of the Berlin Wall,” he said.

President Lourenço noted that developing countries lack sufficient representation in institutions of world governance and therefore are unable to contribute to formulation of realistic solutions to their problems.

“This situation generates anxiety and frustration among the most vulnerable populations who, by not having their expectations met, become easily permeable to negative influences that are dangerous to the order and stability of their respective countries,” he said.

**Commitment to democratic governance**

President Julius Maada Bio of Sierra Leone highlighted his country’s commitment to democratic governance and human rights, as well as the primacy of regional peace, particularly within the context of the West African subregion.

“Sierra Leone raises its voice alongside our ECOWAS community, expressing unequivocal dissent towards any extra-constitutional changes of Government,” he declared, noting that such actions imperil not only individual nations but also the “cohesive fabric of the broader African identity.”

The President’s message for cooperation and collaboration went beyond regional borders, calling for rebuilding trust and solidarity on the global stage.

Quoting Archbishop Desmond Tutu, “there comes a point where we need to stop just pulling people out of the river. We must go upstream and find out why they’re falling in,” President Bio urged world leaders to address the root causes of today’s problems.

“Our duty is clear: We must lift our people from poverty,” he said.

**Unity, resilience and ambition**

George Manneh Weah, the President of Liberia, highlighted the multitude of challenges the world currently faces, including security, economic, social, political, and environmental issues.

He emphasized the need for collective efforts to address the challenges and realize the 2030 Agenda and urged bilateral and multilateral collaborations.

Since his first address to the General Assembly, five years ago, when he informed the Assembly of the peaceful democratic transition in his country, “with your support and that of our friends, we have kept the democratic torch burning,” President Weah said.

“Liberia’s journey is best captured in the spirit of unity, resilience, and ambition,” he added, urging the international community that together, through collaboration and shared purpose, “we can, and must shape a world that upholds the rights and dignity of every individual.”

## Worth Noting:

- President Wavel Ramkalawan of the Seychelles emphasized that the international community must accelerate joint efforts to make transformative advancements on the SDGs.
- “We must prioritize SDG implementation at all levels,” he said, noting the need to align national policies and strategies with the objectives of the 2030 Agenda, while strengthening partnerships with all stakeholders.
- He called on development partners to deliver on their Addis Ababa Action Agenda promises on development finance and on international financial institutions to “embrace reform” and ensure that the unique needs of vulnerable countries are considered in access to development financing.
- Reiterated that addressing the climate crisis “is no longer optional – it is an immediate necessity,” President Ramkalawan expressed Seychelles’ commitment to renewable energy and energy efficiency.



President Hage G. Geingob of Namibia

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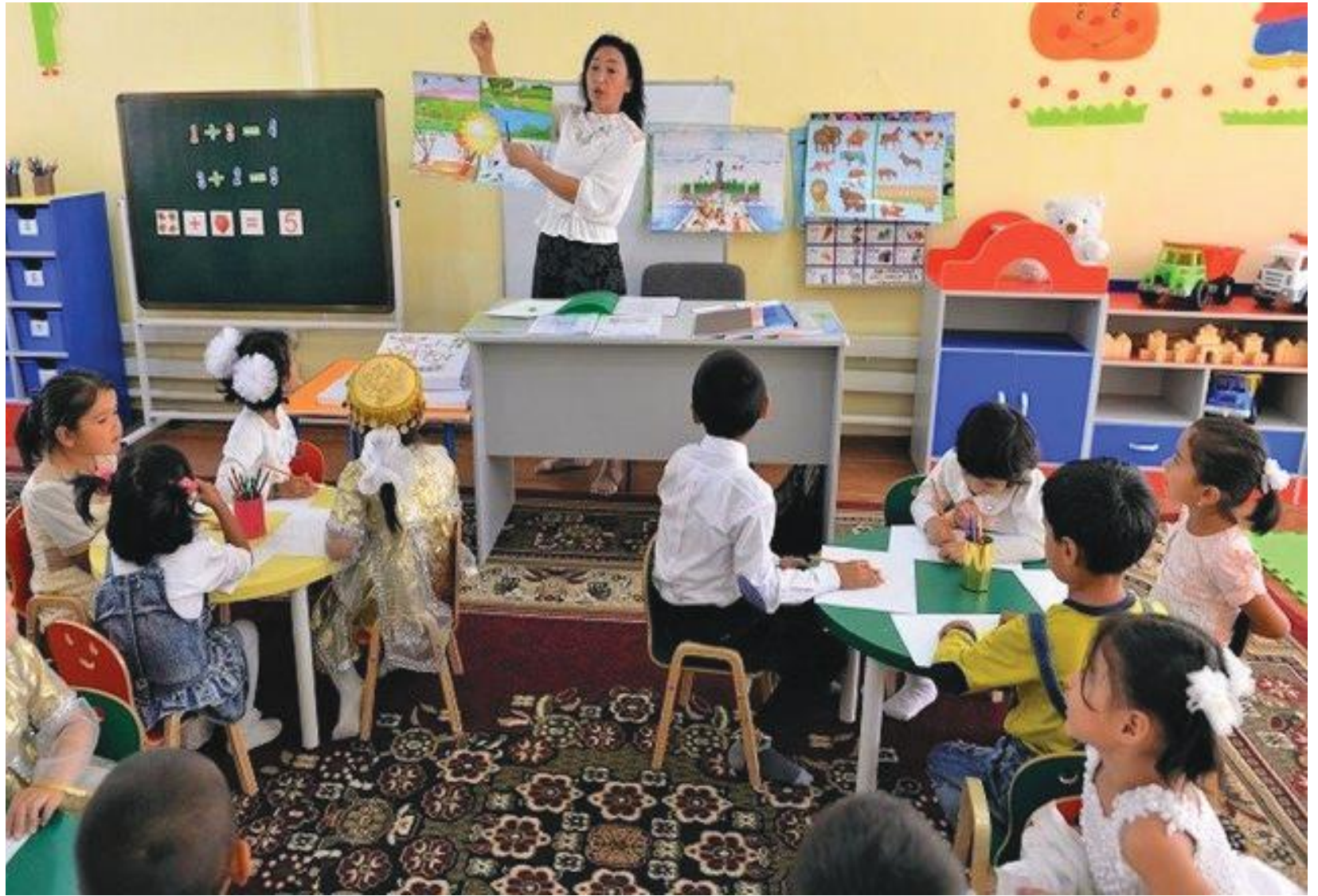
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## Education

## General Issues Of The Method Of Performing Arithmetic Operations In Primary Classes



By: Erkinova Odinakhan  
Kozimjonovna  
xxxxxxxxxxxx



Teacher in Uzibekstan Primary Classes

## Worth Noting:

- In the process of updating the content of higher education, it is necessary to pay special attention to the effective solution of the issue of ensuring that future specialists have general labor and professional knowledge and skills.
- A method of subtraction based on knowledge of the relationship between the sum and the addends, using the knowledge of the appropriate case of addition when subtracting numbers or the skill of finding the second divisors of one of the sum and the addends.
- The concentration structure of the elementary arithmetic course is suitable for the psychological characteristics of young students

In the conditions of the independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan, to find the factors that serve to increase the efficiency of the educational process at all stages of the continuous education system, to apply the new pedagogical technologies found to be the most appropriate factor in the activities of general secondary vocational colleges, academic lyceums and universities It is considered appropriate to carry out practical actions in this regard. As a practical application of this theoretical conclusion, a number of research works are being carried out. the education system plays a special role in the process of educating qualified specialists, which is manifested as a social necessity. The training of qualified personnel in various fields in vocational colleges of general secondary education, academic lyceums and universities is a very important requirement of the time, and all opportunities are used in this regard. is particularly relevant.

In the process of updating the content of higher education, it is necessary to pay special attention to the effective solution of the issue of ensuring that future special-

ists have general labor and professional knowledge and skills.

## METHODOLOGY

The methodology of teaching students to perform arithmetical operations in mathematics. The main goals faced by the teacher in working on this topic are as follows:

To familiarize students with the meaning of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division operations; Ensuring that students use calculation methods fluently;

The method of adding and subtracting parts of numbers;

The method of addition is to use the replacement property of Yiğindi.

A method of subtraction based on knowing the relationship between the sum and the addends, using the knowledge of the appropriate case of addition when subtracting numbers, or the ability to multiply the second addends by one of the addends and addends. Formation of skills in addition and subtraction, multiplication and division.

On the one hand, this comes from the properties of the arithmetic material. For

example, numbering numbers within 10 is different from numbering numbers larger than 10: verbal calculation methods have specific aspects compared to the methods of performing calculations on multi-digit numbers. The reason for the separation of concentrations in some stages of work is the specificity of the goals and tasks of teaching. For example, cases of adding and multiplying single-digit numbers (tables) are memorized differently from all other cases (in other cases), calculations are performed using tables, and the results are not memorized.

## THE RESULT

The concentration structure of the elementary arithmetic course is suitable for the psychological characteristics of young students: it is necessary to perform the initial introduction to counting, measuring and arithmetical operations on the example of large numbers that can be shown with the help of sets of objects.

When performing written addition (by column), the addition of two-digit numbers is done as a row, then it is done in the form of a "column". Let's assume that the

example of  $32+45$  is written on the board. How to find the sum of these numbers? The student thinks like this: "Add 45 to 32 32 is 30 and 3), and 45 is 40 and 5. Add the ones ( $30+40=70$ ), then add the units ( $2+5=$ ), and find the total ( $70+7=77$ ), that is, in practice gathered performs the addition operation:

$$32+45=(30+2)+(40+5)=(30+40)+(2+5)=70+7=77.$$

After reasoning, this example is solved in the form of a "column".

Performing the action in column form, children easily conclude that it is convenient to add units to units and units to units.

## CONCLUSION

In the process of teaching mathematics in elementary grades, organizing students to perform arithmetic operations in elementary mathematics classes consists of learning didactic principles and determining the conditions of limiting knowledge tasks in the process of solving them according to the level of individual approach to them.

From the psychological-pedagogical point of view, the specifics of didactic principles, the didactic

support of the educational process, the nature and direction of didactic developments, and the purpose and issues of the students' mathematics lessons in elementary school mathematics classes were analyzed from a psychological and pedagogical point of view.

Erkinova Odinakhan Kozimjonovna was born in 2004 in Pushman neighborhood, Pakhtaobot district, Andijan region. She graduated from general secondary school No. 12 in the district with a gold medal. Now she lives in Andijan region.

2nd year student of Andijan State Pedagogical Institute, "Mathematics and Informatics".

In the voice of girls from Pakhtaobot district Dog and media chief cardinal

Active member of eco-volunteer in Andijan region He is the author of 10 scientific articles, 1 methodological and 1 monograph

*Andijan State Pedagogy, Erkinova, daughter of Odinakhan Kozimjon, student of the Institute of Mathematics and Informatics.*

# My Story About Seasons

By: **Shohsanam Kurbonova**

xxxxxxxxxxxx

My name is Shahsanam, I will tell you a wonderful story, but it is not about me, but about the most beautiful and charming of all seasons, spring.

You know, and of course it's not a secret to you, there are 4 seasons, but spring is the season of renewal and rejuvenation

Every season has its own charm, grace and blessing, but spring is special

every spring, trees bloom, flowers open, nature wakes up, not only the air warms up after a long winter, but the spring air warms the hearts, days begin to lengthen, holidays are celebrated, 8th International Women's Day. I love and celebrate; it is also celebrated in the spring. Tulips open in spring, tulips go for a walk, the national holiday Navruz is celebrated, and it rains a lot in spring, I like rain very much.

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I always look forward to spring, it always brings joy to my life, and spring is a short season.

**Shohsanam Kurbonova** is ADCH-TI 4th stage student and an English teacher. She is from Andijan region, Andijan district, Uzbekistan



Shohsanam Kurbonova

## Morocco

# Morocco unveils a 5 year program to support quake victims

*With an estimated overall budget of 120 billion dirhams over a five-year period, the first version of the integrated and multi-sectoral program presented before the Sovereign covers the six provinces*

By: Dismas Otuke

King Mohammed VI of Morocco chaired a cabinet meeting on Wednesday at the Royal Palace in Rabat, with the main agenda being the upgrading program for the regions that were hit by the Al Haouz earthquake.

The meeting was also a follow-up of the progress on king's directives given at the meetings of September 09 and 14, which laid the groundwork for an integrated program designed to provide a strong, coherent, swift and proactive response.

With an estimated overall budget of 120 billion dirhams over a five-year period, the first version of the integrated and multi-sectoral program presented before the Sovereign covers the six provinces and prefectures affected by the earthquake (Marrakech, Al Haouz, Taroudant, Chichaoua, Azilal and Ouarzazate), targeting a population of 4.2 million. Based on a convergence approach and a precise diagnosis of needs, as well as an analysis of territorial

potential and local players, the program includes projects aimed at, on the one hand, rebuilding housing and upgrading affected infrastructures, in line with the emergency measures decided at the September 14 meeting, and strengthening socio-economic development in targeted areas, on the other.

The four main components of the government approaches during and after the earthquake calamity includes:

- 1- Relocating people affected by the disaster, rebuilding housing and rehabilitating infrastructure;
- 2- Opening up and upgrading regions;
- 3- Accelerating the absorption of social deficits, particularly in the mountainous areas affected by the earthquake;
- 4- Encouraging economic activity and employment, and promoting local initiatives.

The program also includes, the King's directive on the establishment, in each region, of a large platform of essential reserves (tents, blankets,

beds, medicines, foodstuffs, etc.) to deal immediately with natural disasters.

Therefore, the Sovereign stressed once again the importance of listening to the needs of the local population in order to provide it with appropriate solutions, while giving due importance to the environmental dimension and respecting the unique heritage, traditions and lifestyles of each region.

Funding for the major program will come from appropriations in the general State budget, contributions from local authorities and the Special Solidarity Bank Account dedicated to managing the effects of the earthquake, as well as through donations and international cooperation. In this respect, and as part of the Hassan II Fund's mission to support the implementation of programs and projects with a structuring impact on economic and social development, the King has given His High Instructions for the Hassan II Fund to contribute 2 billion dirhams to the financing of this program.



King Mohammed VI chairing a cabinet meeting

# China, Cuba to support each other on issues concerning core interests



## Worth Noting:

- Diaz-Canel said that China has firmly stood with the Global South nations and effectively safeguarded the common interests of developing countries. He noted that the Cuban side thanks China for its assistance to Cuba's economic and social development and is ready to maintain close friendly exchanges with the CPC and promote practical cooperation.
- Diaz-Canel also expressed gratitude for China's firm support for the Cuban people's just struggle against unilateral blockade and sanctions, saying that Cuba firmly supports the major global initiatives proposed by China.
- During the meeting with Roberto Morales Ojeda, member of the Political Bureau and secretary of organization of the PCC Central Committee, the two sides agreed to strengthen political mutual trust and strategic coordination, deepen practical cooperation in various fields, and strengthen exchanges and mutual learning on governance and experience sharing and cooperation in party management and the fight against corruption.

By: CGTN

China is willing to work with Cuba to implement the important consensus reached by top leaders of the two parties and the two countries, and continue to support each other on issues concerning each other's core interests, said a senior official of the Communist Party of China (CPC) during his visit to Cuba.

Li Xi, a member of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the CPC Central Committee, made the remarks when meeting with First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Cuba (PCC) and Cuban President Miguel Diaz-Canel.

Li paid an official visit to Cuba from Saturday to Monday.

China stands ready to promote the development of the respective party building and socialist cause, said Li, also secretary of the CPC

Central Commission for Discipline Inspection.

China is also willing to work with Cuba to promote the implementation of the Global Development Initiative, the Global Security Initiative and the Global Civilization Initiative, as well as the building of a community with a shared future for mankind, he added.

Li said that the two meetings between Chinese President Xi Jinping and President Diaz-Canel after the 20th CPC National Congress pointed out the direction for the development of relations between the two parties and the two countries.

Diaz-Canel said that China has firmly stood with the Global South nations and effectively safeguarded the common interests of developing countries. He noted that the Cuban side thanks China for its assistance to Cuba's economic and social development and is ready to maintain close friendly ex-

changes with the CPC and promote practical cooperation.

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The two sides also witnessed the signing of a memorandum of understanding on

cooperation between China's National Commission of Supervision and the Office of the Comptroller General of Cuba.

When visiting Raul Castro, the leader of Cuba's socialist revolution, Li said that the traditional friendship between China and Cuba was forged and carefully cultivated by the older generation of leaders of the two countries. Raul is a close friend of the CPC and the Chinese people and has made historic contributions to the development of relations between the two parties and the two countries. Facing the complex and ever-changing international situation, China is willing to work with Cuba to jointly build a China-Cuba community with a shared future.

Raul Castro recalled his exchanges with Chinese comrades, saying that Cuba is happy and encouraged by the great achievements made in the cause of build-

ing socialism with Chinese characteristics and is willing to learn from China's development experience.

During Li's visit to Cuba, he introduced the full and rigorous self-governance and anti-corruption work of the CPC under the strong leadership of General Secretary Xi and the CPC Central Committee.

Li told the Cuban side that China has successfully embarked on a path of fighting against corruption that relies on institutional strengths and the rule of law, while the CPC has become stronger and more powerful and won the heartfelt support of the people.

The Cuban side spoke highly of the remarkable achievements made by the CPC in party building and fighting against corruption and expressed willingness to deepen exchanges with the Chinese side on party governance, discipline inspection and supervision.

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# Debt crisis in developing countries weighing down SDG push, Rwanda's Kagame warns

KBC

In his address to the UN General Assembly in New York, Rwandan President Paul Kagame discussed the lack of progress toward achieving Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), reducing conflict around the globe, and finding ways to boost international cooperation.

The SDG summit held in New York earlier this week highlighted the disappointing progress made toward achieving the UN's 17 SDG goals by 2030, said Kagame.

He commended the Secretary-General's focus on the issue and emphasized that slow progress toward achieving SDGs would exacerbate economic disparities between countries.

"This year's SDG Summit has once again raised alarm about the slow pace of SDG implementation," he said.

"Developing countries are constrained by a debt crisis including higher costs of borrowing. This is causing economic disparities to widen and is slowing down collective progress to SDGs."

The primary cause of the debt crisis, Kagame argued, was high interest rates in developed economies in reaction to global inflation.

'Profound injustice'

President Kagame issued a call for peace across the globe, insisting that innocent lives bore the weight of conflict. He made several references to Rwanda's history of genocide to highlight the devastating impact of conflict.

"Today, there is no sign of ongoing conflicts ending anytime soon. Innocent lives are left alone to carry the burden of this instability. That is a profound injustice," he said.

"For Rwanda, the source of our solidarity comes from our commitment to never allowing a repetition of the tragedy that was inflicted on us nearly 30 years ago."

Kagame also emphasized the humanitarian impacts of conflict as a primary driver of irregular migration.

"The migration crisis is a case and point. Every year, migrants and refugees undertake dangerous journeys in search of a better future. Rwanda remains committed to working with partners, including the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, to contribute to a durable solution," he said.

**No one left behind**

President Kagame went on to encourage fellow Member States work



UN Photo/Cia Pak President Paul Kagame of Rwanda addresses the general debate of the General Assembly's 78th session.

together to establish a more effective international cooperation framework to fulfill the SDG promise of leaving no one behind. He claimed that shortfalls achieving SDGs directly lead to instability, and welcomed the UN's New Agenda for

Peace.

"We continue to need a more effective forum to manage global crises. A more effective cooperation framework must give equal weight to everyone's needs and priorities. That is what builds fair and equal partner-

ships," he said.

"In this regard, I welcome the Secretary General's report on a New Agenda for Peace."

## Russia

# Russia's weaponization of food, energy impacts all countries, Zelenskyy tells UN Assembly

President Volodymyr Zelenskyy of Ukraine told world leaders in the UN General Assembly that alongside its ongoing nuclear threat, Russia is also weaponizing essentials like global food and energy markets, and using them "not only against our country, but all of yours as well." Since the start of the war, Ukrainian ports in the Black and Azov seas were blocked by Russia and its ports on the Danube River targeted by drones and missiles, he said.

"It is a clear Russian attempt to weaponize the food shortage on the global market, in exchange for recognition of some, if not all, of the captured territories."

The impact of that weaponization is seen from Africa to South-East Asia, he said.

"Nukes are not the scariest thing now. Mass destruction is gaining momentum. The aggressor is weaponizing many other things ... things that are being used not only against our country but also yours as well," he said, adding:

"There are many conventions against weapons but none against weaponization ... of global food supplies and energy."



UN Photo/Cia Pak President Volodymyr Zelenskyy of Ukraine addresses the general debate of the General Assembly's 78th session.

# Gabon partially suspended from Commonwealth after coup

By: BBC

Gabon has been partially suspended from the Commonwealth after military commanders carried out a coup ousting President Ali Bongo.

The decision was made by Commonwealth foreign ministers meeting on the margins of the United Nations General Assembly.

Leaders called on Gabon to uphold the values and principles of the Commonwealth.

They asked the country to hold credible elections as soon as possible.

Gabon's military ousted Mr Bongo from power shortly after he was declared winner of the 2023 presidential election.

Mr Bongo had been in power in the oil-rich country since 2009, when he succeeded his father who had ruled the country for 41 years.

He was initially placed under house arrest as military leaders took over, but was later freed and given permission to travel abroad for medical check-ups.

The foreign ministers – sitting as the Commonwealth ministerial action group – have requested Gabon guarantee Mr Bongo's safety and that of his family, and said in a statement that they “strongly condemned the unconstitutional removal of the elected government from office”.

They said Gabon's suspension was in place “pending the restoration

of democracy”. It excludes Gabon from all Commonwealth intergovernmental meetings and events, including ministerial and heads of government meetings.

The new prime minister, Raymond Ndong Sima, was installed as interim prime minister in September, after Gen Brice Oligui Nguema, who led the coup against Mr Bongo, became Gabon's transitional president. Speaking to the BBC, Mr Sima said the country should hold fresh elections within two years.

Commonwealth ministers gave the new leaders of Gabon two years from 30 August 2023 to hold credible elections. They added in the statement that if progress was not made in that time, the country may be removed from the group altogether.

Despite condemnation of the coup from other international leaders in both Africa and the West, civilians appear to have welcomed the change.

Many Gabonese were sceptical about Mr Bongo's decision to stand for a third term. He first came to power in elections 14 years ago following the death of his father, Omar Bongo, who had monopolised the presidency for more than 40 years. Some also held serious doubts about his capacity to provide effective leadership, after he suffered a stroke in October 2018.



UN Photo/Cia Pak Ali Bongo Ondimba, President of the Gabonese Republic, addresses the general debate of the General Assembly's 77th session

## China

# China to work with G77 members to open new chapter in South-South cooperation

*China says efforts should be made to ensure all countries equally benefit from digital dividends, and no developing country will be left behind or left out in the development of new technologies and industries.*

By: CGTN

Li Xi, a member of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the Communist Party of China (CPC) Central Committee, said on Friday that China is ready to work with Group of 77 (G77) members to open a new chapter in South-South cooperation in a quest for greater development through stronger solidarity.

Li made the remarks while attending the Summit of the Group of 77 plus China in Havana of Cuba as the special representative of Chinese President Xi Jinping. He also expressed China's willingness to work with G77 members to build a Global South community with a shared future and usher in a new era of common development.

He said the world is undergoing changes on a scale unseen in a century, developing countries are becoming stronger, and South-South cooperation is playing an increasingly important role in driving the momentum of the collective rise of developing countries and in sustaining continued global economic



Li Xi, a member of the Standing Committee of the Political Bureau of the Communist Party of China Central Committee and the special representative of Chinese President Xi Jinping, speaks at the Summit of the Group of 77 plus China in Havana, Cuba, September 15, 2023. /Xinhua

growth.

“At the same time, however, unilateralism and hegemonism are becoming rampant. Some countries are resorting to such practices as unilateral sanctions, decoupling, and disruption of industrial and supply chains, seriously undermining the legitimate development rights and interests of developing countries and our space for develop-

ment,” said Li, who stressed that developing countries widely expect to enhance solidarity and cooperation, and make efforts to make global governance more just and equitable. He put forward a three-point proposal in respect of cooperation between the G77 and China, calling on G77 members to stay true to the original aspiration of the G77 for independence and greater collective

strength through unity. He also encouraged the advocating of equity, justice, and inclusiveness, and appealed for the pursuit of development, revitalization, and win-win cooperation. “We need to foster new drivers for our own development, focusing on cooperation in areas of food security, poverty alleviation, industrialization, green development, digital technology, and artificial intelligence,” Li said, adding that efforts should be made to ensure all countries equally benefit from digital dividends, and no developing country will be left behind or left out in the development of new technologies and industries.

“China is the largest developing country in the world. No matter what stage of development it reaches, China will always be part of the developing world and a member of the Global South,” he said, stressing that South-South cooperation is always a high priority in China's cooperation with other countries.

Li said China will continue to maintain close communication and coordination with G77 members in order

to optimize the allocation of development resources, deepen South-South cooperation, ensure efficient use of public goods of the Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) cooperation, the Global Development Initiative (GDI) and other initiatives, close the development divide and resolve problems in development.

In mid-October, China will host the third Belt and Road Forum for International Cooperation in Beijing. “We look forward to welcoming you at the Forum and to your perspective on future BRI cooperation and the way forward for greater development,” said Li.

“As long as we adapt to the changing times, strengthen solidarity, friendship, and cooperation, and lend each other support in pursuing a path to modernization suited to our respective national conditions and characteristics, we will surely be able to better safeguard the common interests of developing countries, have a greater say in global governance, and achieve common development and shared prosperity,” said Li.

## Biden says ‘when we stand together’, we can tackle any challenge

### Worth Noting:

- Highlighting ongoing developments across regions, he pointed efforts to support a just and lasting peace, with two States for Israelis and Palestinians. Turning to US relations with China, he said Washington seeks “to responsibly manage” bilateral competition “so it does not tip into conflict”, he said, adding that “we are for de-risking, not decoupling” with Beijing.
- The climate crisis needs critical attention, he said, pointing to tragic flooding in Libya alongside historic drought and deluge at a time when the world is still dependent on fossil fuel.
- For its part, the US has treated this threat as an existential crisis since that start of his Administration, including new laws and initiatives.



UN Photo/Cia Pak US President Joseph Biden addresses the general debate of the General Assembly's 78th session

By: **Christine Muchira**

The territorial integrity and human rights that form the foundation of the UN must be collectively defended, United States President Joseph Biden said on Tuesday. Yet, for the second year in a row, the annual debate at the UN General Assembly is “darkened by the shadow of war, an illegal conquest brought without provocation by Russia” against Ukraine, he said, expressing strong support for Kyiv. “Russia alone bears the responsibility for this war... and has the power to end it immediately,” he emphasized, asking whether the independence of any nation is secure “if we allow Ukraine to be carved up”. “We have to stand up to this aggression today and deter other would-be aggressors tomorrow,” he said, stressing that the US, together with its allies and partners around the world, will continue to stand with Ukraine as it defends its sovereignty and territorial integrity and their freedom. “It’s not only an investment in Ukraine’s future but in every country.”

#### Bending arc of history

At the outset, he recalled a recent trip to Viet Nam, saying it would be “unthinkable” for a US President to stand in Hanoi announcing a mutual commitment, following a painful legacy of war. “Our history need not dictate our future,” he said. “With a concerted leadership, adversaries can become partners, overwhelming challenges can be resolved, and deep wounds can heal. When we choose to stand together, we hold in our hands the power to bend the arc of history.”

#### ‘Our future is bound to yours’

The US seeks a more secure, more prosperous, more equitable future for all people because “we know our future is bound to yours,” he said. “No nation can meet the challenges of the day alone.”

To meet new challenges, old institutions must be updated, bringing in leadership from regions that have not always been included to address such issues as Security

Council reform and investment in developing countries.

“Twenty-first century results are badly needed to move us along,” he said. “That starts with the United Nations, right in this room.” The UN must continue to preserve peace and prevent conflict and must also govern the benefits and challenges of emerging technologies, including artificial intelligence (AI), he said.

#### Regional relations

Highlighting ongoing developments across regions, he pointed efforts to support a just and lasting peace, with two States for Israelis and Palestinians. Turning to US relations with China, he said Washington seeks “to responsibly manage” bilateral competition “so it does not tip into conflict”, he said, adding that “we are for de-risking, not decoupling” with Beijing.

#### Climate crisis

The climate crisis needs critical attention, he said, pointing to tragic flooding in Libya alongside historic

drought and deluge at a time when the world is still dependent on fossil fuel.

For its part, the US has treated this threat as an existential crisis since that start of his Administration, including new laws and initiatives. “This year, the world’s on track to meet the climate finance pledge made under the Paris Agreement: \$100 billion to raise collectively,” he said, “but we need more investment on public and private sector, especially in places that have contributed so little to global emissions.”

#### Global goals

To accelerate global progress on the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), “we all need to do more,” he said, pledging Washington’s commitment.

On security issues, he said the US destroyed the last of its chemical weapon stockpile in 2023. Meanwhile, Russia is “shredding” long-standing arms control agreements, he added. Condemning the DPRK’s continued violations of Security Council resolutions, he encouraged diplomacy to resolve outstanding issues.

In terms of Tehran’s destabilizing activities that threaten regional and international security, he said “Iran must never acquire a nuclear weapon.”

#### Power is ‘in our hands’

The Universal Declaration for Human Rights was adopted 75 years ago, but attention is still needed to tackle discrimination. However, the power is “in our hands” to forge a safer, more sustainable world for all through partnerships and collective hope, he said. “At this inflection point in history, we’re going to be judged by whether or not we live up to the promises we made to ourselves, to each other,” he said. “Will we find within ourselves the courage to do what must be done, to defend the tenets of the UN?” he asked. “There’s only one answer to that question. We must, and we will. Let’s do this work together. Let’s bend the arc of history for the good of the world. It’s in our power to do it.”